

Negative Adverbs



Negative Adverbs

What is an adverb?

How many types of adverbs do we have?



Adverbs of Frequency

Hardly
Rarely
Seldom
Barely ever
Hardly ever
No longer
Never

0%
No longer
Never



Adverbs of Frequency

Hardly
Rarely
Seldom
Barely ever
Hardly ever
No longer
Never

0%

Hardly
Rarely
Seldom
Barely ever
Hardly ever



Adverbs of Frequency

Hardly
Rarely
Seldom
Barely ever
Hardly ever
No longer
Never

I hardly dance

Subject + FA + main verb





Adverbs of Frequency

Hardly
Rarely
Seldom
Barely ever
Hardly ever
No longer
Never

I never dance

Subject + FA + main verb





Adverbs of Frequency

Hardly
Rarely
Seldom
Barely ever
Hardly ever
No longer
Never

I have hardly ever cooked

Subject + auxiliary verb + FA + main verb





Adverbs of Frequency

Hardly
Rarely
Seldom
Barely ever
Hardly ever
No longer
Never

I have never cooked

Subject + auxiliary verb + FA + main verb





Adverbs of Frequency

Hardly
Rarely
Seldom
Barely ever
Hardly ever
No longer
Never

I am seldom upset

Subject + verb to be + FA + (main verb)





Adverbs of Frequency

Hardly
Rarely
Seldom
Barely ever
Hardly ever
No longer
Never

I am never singing

Subject + verb to be + FA + (main verb)





Adverbs of Place

Adverbs of Place

Nowhere

They are going nowhere

Subject + verb + PA





Adverbs of Place

Adverbs of Place

Nowhere

She is nowhere to be seen

Nowhere + to + infinitive





Adverbs of Place

Adverbs of Place

Nowhere

We have nowhere to go

Nowhere + to + infinitive





Adverbs of Time

No sooner At no time Not once Not since

We at no time liked this idea

Subject + TA + main verb





Adverbs of Time

No sooner At no time Not once Not since

We have at no time liked this idea

Subject + auxiliary verb + TA + main verb





Adverbs of Time

No sooner At no time Not once Not since

We were not once in agreement



Subject + verb to be + TA + main verb



Adverbs of Time

No sooner At no time Not once Not since We had no sooner started the film than the electricity went out.





Adverbs of Degree

Adverbs of Degree

Little Barely Scarcely At the time we little knew we'd never meet again



Subject + DA + main verb



Adverbs of Degree

Adverbs of Degree

Little Barely Scarcely

They have barely finished the project



Subject + auxiliary verb + TA + main verb



Adverbs of Degree

Adverbs of Degree

Little Barely Scarcely

We are scarcely working



Subject + verb to be + TA + main verb



Adverbs of Manner

Adverbs of Manner

Under no circumstances
In no way
On no account
On no condition

We under no circumstances work with you



Subject + MA + main verb



Adverbs of Manner

Adverbs of Manner

Under no circumstances
In no way
On no account
On no condition

We have in no way changed the plan



Subject + auxiliary verb + MA + main verb



Adverbs of Manner

Adverbs of Manner

Under no circumstances
In no way
On no account
On no condition

We are on no condition entering the building



Subject + verb to be + MA + main verb



I have hardly ever cooked

We have **at no time** liked this idea

We are scarcely working

We are **on no condition** entering the building



I have hardly ever cooked

We have at no time liked this idea

We are scarcely working

We are on no condition entering the building



Hardly ever I have cooked

At no time we have liked this idea

Scarcely we are working

On no condition we are entering the building



Hardly ever have I cooked

At no time have we liked this idea

Scarcely are we working

On no condition are we entering the building



I hardly dance

She never dances

I at no time liked this idea



I hardly dance



I at no time liked this idea



Hardly I dance

Never she dances

At no time I liked this idea



Hardly do I dance

Never does she dances

At no time did I <u>like</u> this idea



Only

Only if Only when Only until Only after

I will <u>only</u> go to the shops <u>if</u> you come with me



Only

Only if Only when Only until Only after

I will <u>only</u> watch the film <u>when</u> you've tidied your room



Only

Only if
Only when
Only until
Only after

I will only work until 4pm



Only

Only if Only when Only until Only after

I will <u>only</u> help you <u>after</u> you've tried yourself



I will **only** go to the shops **if** you come with me

I will **only** watch the film **when** you've tidied your room



I will only go to the shops if you come with me

I will only watch the film when you've tidied your room



Only if you come with me, I will go to the shops

Only when you've tidied your room, I will watch the film



Only if you come with me, will I go to the shops

Only when you've tidied your room, will I watch the film



Negative Adverbs

What is the difference between **no** and **not**?



The most obvious difference between the two is the type of word that follows. No is followed by a noun whilst not is followed by any other phrase or clause.

There is <u>no</u> recipient in the email

No smoking in here

I'm not happy (+ adjective)

We're not walking (+ verb)

It's not often we travel (+ adverb)

It's not on the bed (+ preposition)

This is not the source (+ article)



We must note that when an adjective is used prior to a noun, "no" can still be used.

There are <u>no</u> big lions at the zoo.



There is only one exception to this rule. When we want to explain that something is incorrect, we use not + a/an/some + noun. This tends to be part of the negative verb before the noun. However, we only do this when the noun is gradable.

A potato is <u>not</u> a fruit

It is <u>no</u> secret that she is getting married.



We can also use no and not to respond to questions.



Both no and not can be used to respond to a question. If the response is simple and opposite to "yes", we use no.

Do you live here? No.

Be aware that if the question has a question word, you'll need to respond with a <u>verb and not</u> instead, which is often contracted.

Do you live here? I do not live here.

Do you live here? I don't live here.



When the question requires a response with a mental process verb (afraid, hope, guess) we respond with not.

Will we see you tomorrow? I'm afraid not.

However, the mental process verb "to think" tends to use not instead.

Will we see you tomorrow? I do not think so.



In some cases, we respond to a question with an adverb. If this is the case, not follows shortly after.

Will we see you tomorrow? Probably not

Other examples include maybe not, definitely not, certainly not.



We can use "not" in the question itself too to provide an alternative answer. This is more informal and added last minute. The structure added will be "or not?"

Will we see you tomorrow or not?



Not is also used in other situations.



When we want to express contrast between two verbs and want to avoid repeating the subject and auxiliary verb twice, we can use not to separate the two. You can run but not hide.

When we want to convert verb formations into their negative form, we also insert not. They continued not working together, I expected him not to arrive earlier.

Be aware that "not" is often contracted when used with verbs but all the "no" and "not" rules still apply.



When converting an affirmative sentence into its negative form we tend to prefer using NOT ANY as opposed to NO. This is because it's more natural to say and understand and adds emphasis and focus to the verb, not the noun. Having said that both have exactly the same meaning.

There are no eggs in the fridge → There aren't any eggs in the fridge



No and not are also used in some fixed expressions.



No problem!

Whether or not

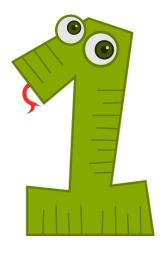
No idea!

Not worth it

No chance!

No good!

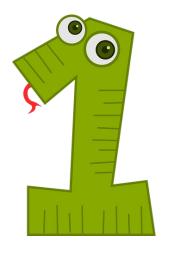




There aren't no politicians in the room

We cannot use double negatives in English. All negative adverbs, no and not require an affirmative verb and if we use a negative verb, all other parts of the sentence should be affirmative.





There aren't no politicians in the room

There aren't any politicians in the room





Hardly I do dance

When using inversion to add emphasis, remember to flip the verb and subject after the negative adverb.





Hardly I do dance



Hardly do I dance







He's working hardly today

Adverbs can be mixed up with their adjective or other form. "Hardly" is an adverb but not of manner, of frequency, so must follow the sentence position rules for adverbs of frequency.





He's working hardly today



He's working hard today He's hardly working today







Practice 1

Correct these incorrect sentences.



There are no any problems here



There are no any problems here



There are not any problems here



I can't barely hear myself think!



I can't barely hear myself think!



I can barely hear myself think!



Rarely I do go out with my friends



Rarely I do go out with my friends



Rarely do I go out with my friends



I didn't do nothing wrong



I didn't do nothing wrong



I didn't do anything wrong



We have not business with this client anymore



We have not business with this client anymore



We have no business with this client anymore



I will only tidy my room if give you me back my phone



I will only tidy my room if give you me back my phone



I will only tidy my room if you give me back my phone



I can't find my phone, it's to be seen nowhere



I can't find my phone, it's to be seen nowhere



I can't find my phone, it's nowhere to be seen





Practice 2

Make each sentence negative then invert the sentence.



Negative Adverbs

- 1. I break my ankle. (seldom)
- 2. She writes reports. (hardly ever)
- I go to school. (never)
- 4. I have visited London. (hardly)
- 5. We have gone to the shops. (at no time)
- 6. They have lost the house keys (not once)
- 7. I watch TV. (no longer)
- 8. He is playing the trombone after giving up the piano. (no sooner)
- 9. We are working. (barely)
- 10. You can eat the pizza slices once you have finished your homework (only when)

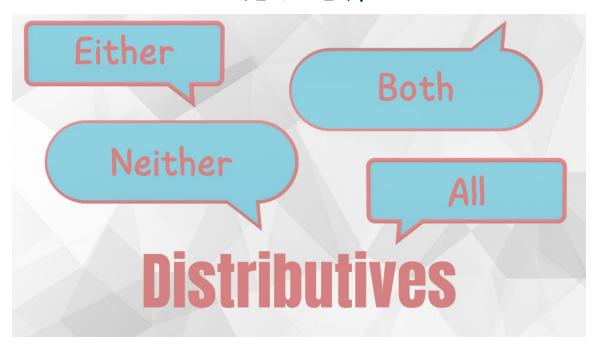


Negative Adverbs

- 1. We want some English classes. (scarcely)
- 2. She will see us tomorrow. (under no circumstances)
- They are going to watch the match later. (in no way)
- 4. I have heard the best orchestra in the world. (never)
- 5. She knows of the surprise. (little)
- 6. They told us about the pregnancy once we finished dinner. (only after)
- 7. They don't sell my favourite chocolate anywhere else. (nowhere)
- 8. She offered me a free ride home. (on no condition)
- 9. I have heard him speak many times. (never)
- 10. She is very happy. (seldom)

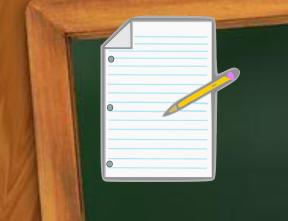


REVIEW



Negative Adverbs





HOMEWORK

COMPLETE THE QUIZ

Link:

https://virtually-fluent.com/quizzes/negative-adverbs-quiz/