



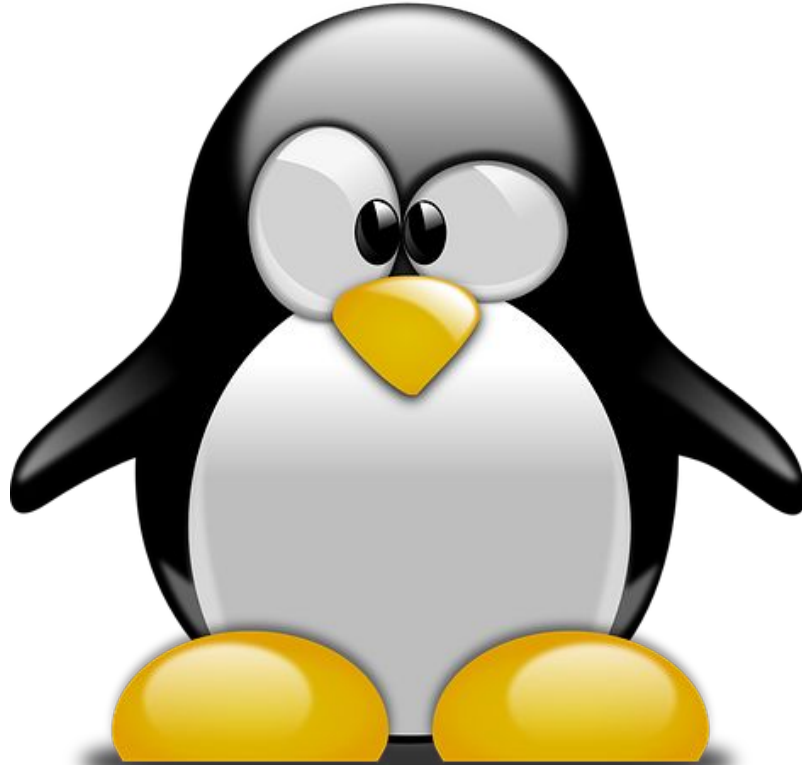
# TO LEARN ANIMALS VOCABULARY



## Animals

# Zoo Video

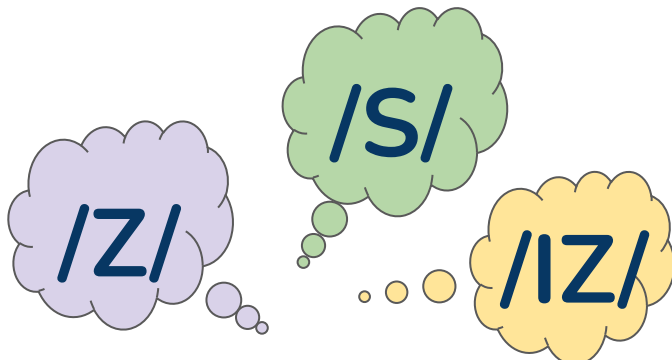
1



# Zoo Video



penguin



# Zoo Video



penguins

/n/ - vibration

Z (pɛŋgwɪnz)

# Zoo Video

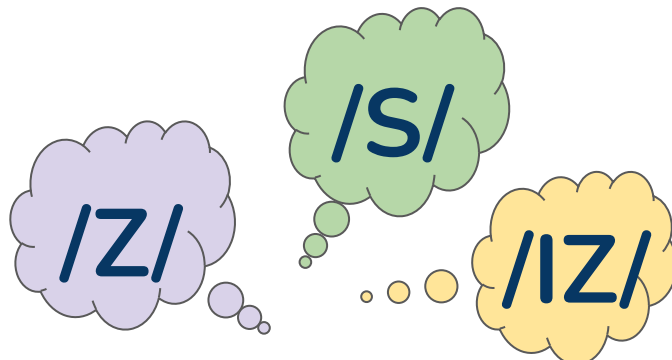
2



## Zoo Video



# flamingo



## Zoo Video



# flamingoes

vowel - vibration

Z (fləmɪŋgəʊz)



# Zoo Video

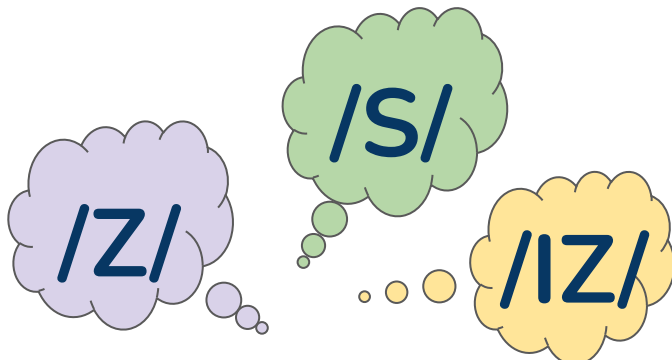
3



# Zoo Video



# cheetah



# Zoo Video

cheetahs

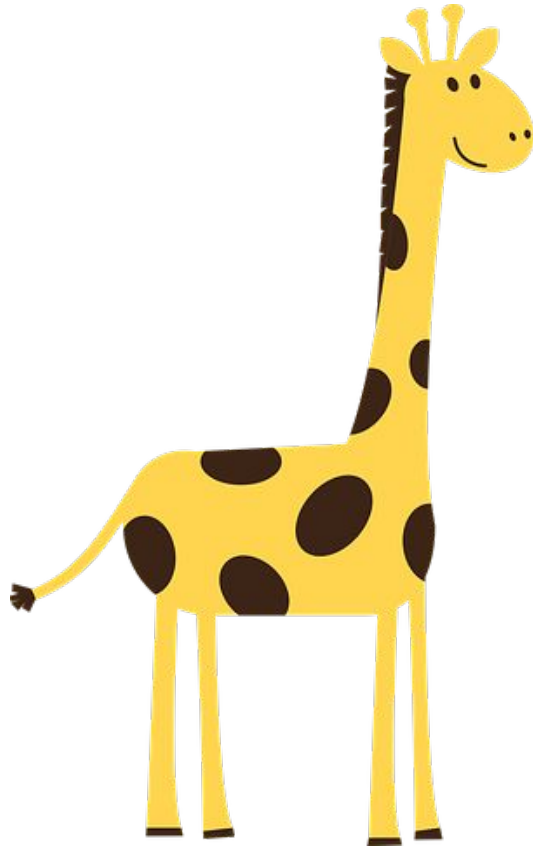


vowel - vibration

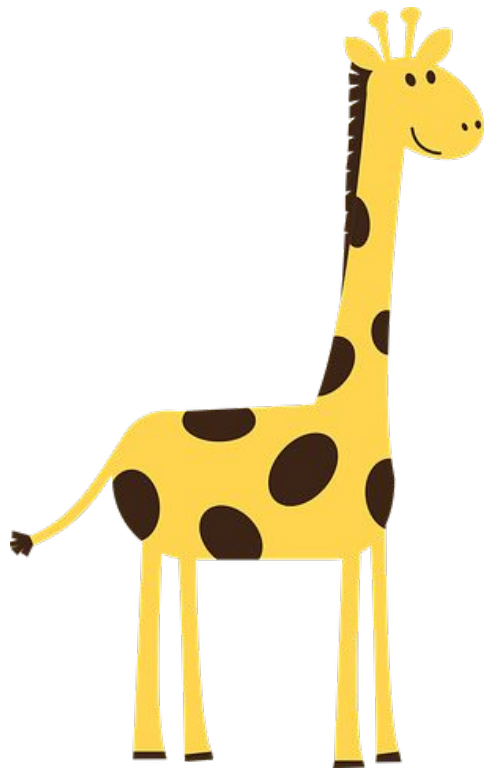
Z (tʃi:təz)

# Zoo Video

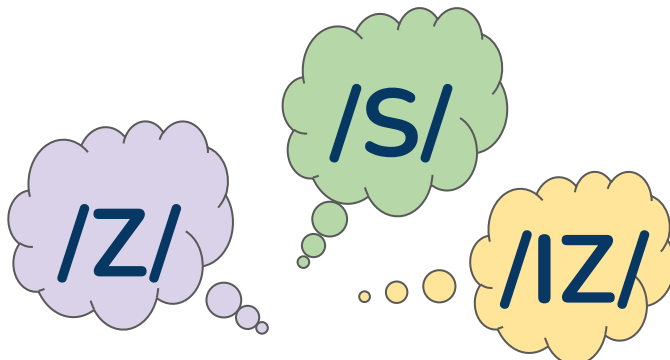
4



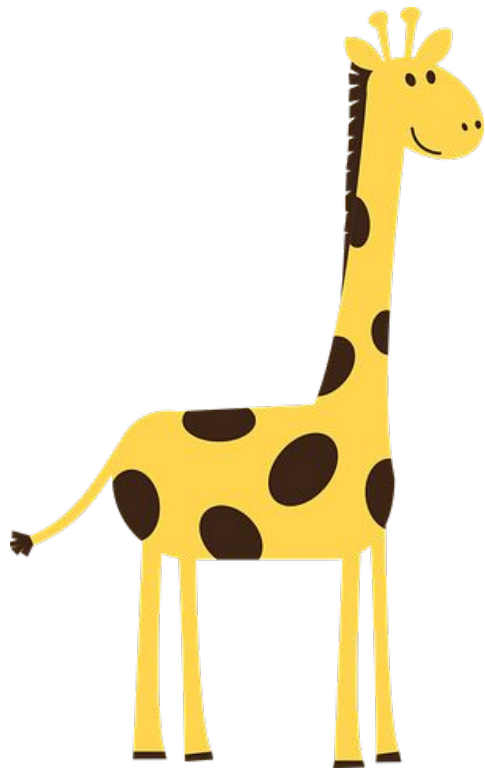
# Zoo Video



giraffe



# Zoo Video



giraffes

/f/ - no vibration

S (dʒɪrɑ:fs)

# Zoo Video

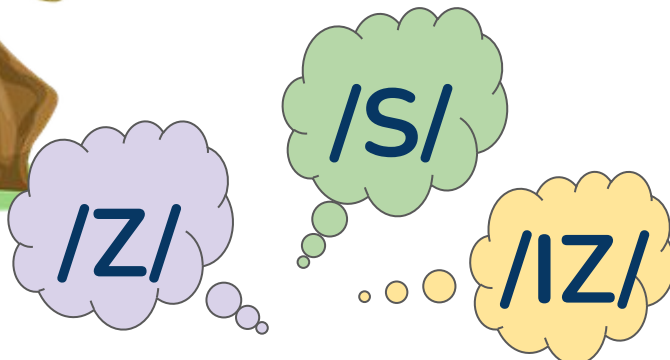
5



## Zoo Video



# leopard





# Zoo Video



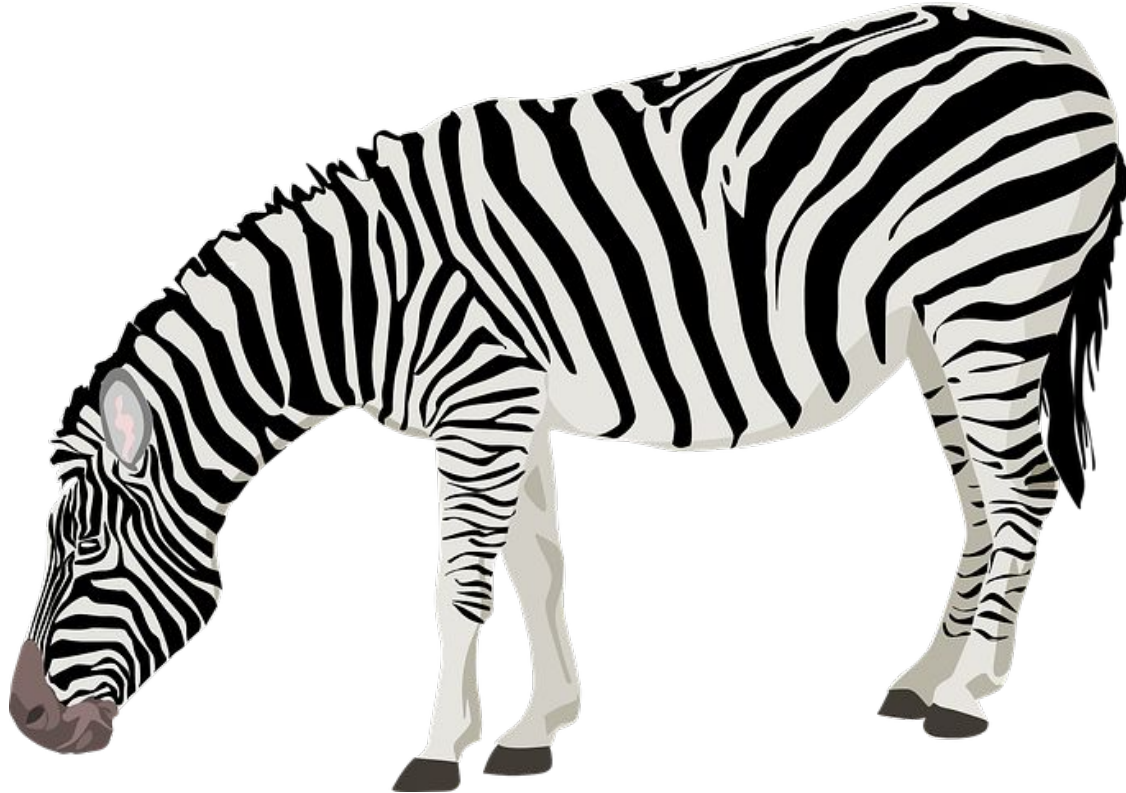
# leopardds

/d/ - no vibration

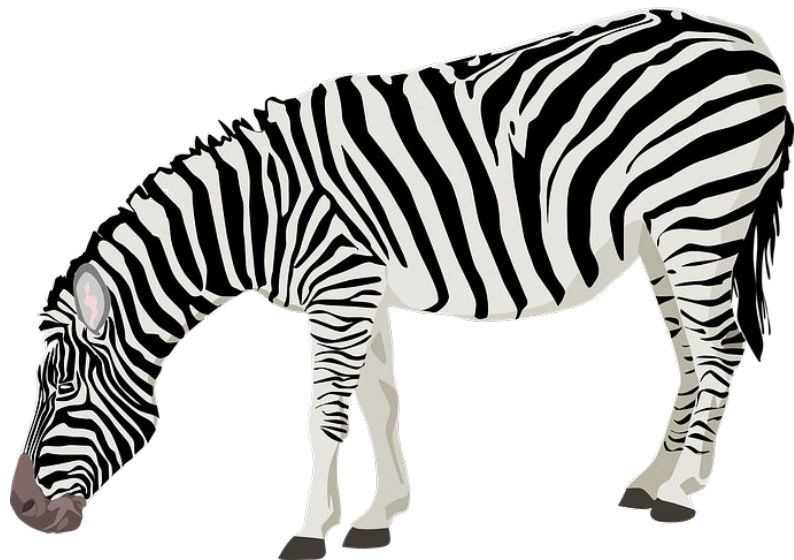
Z (lɛpədz)

# Zoo Video

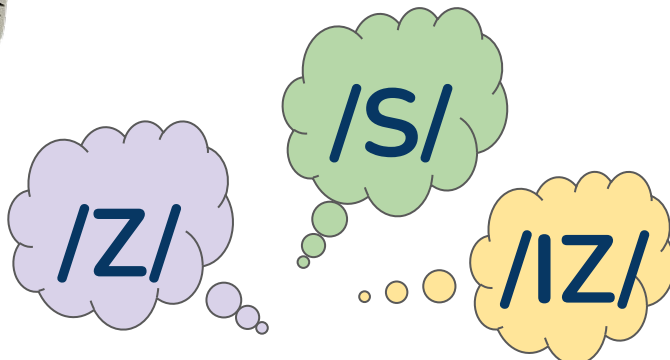
6



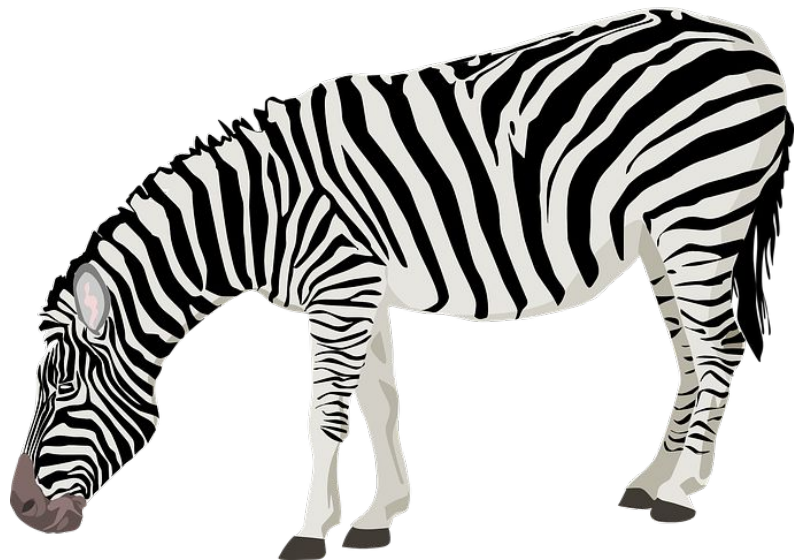
# Zoo Video



zebra



# Zoo Video



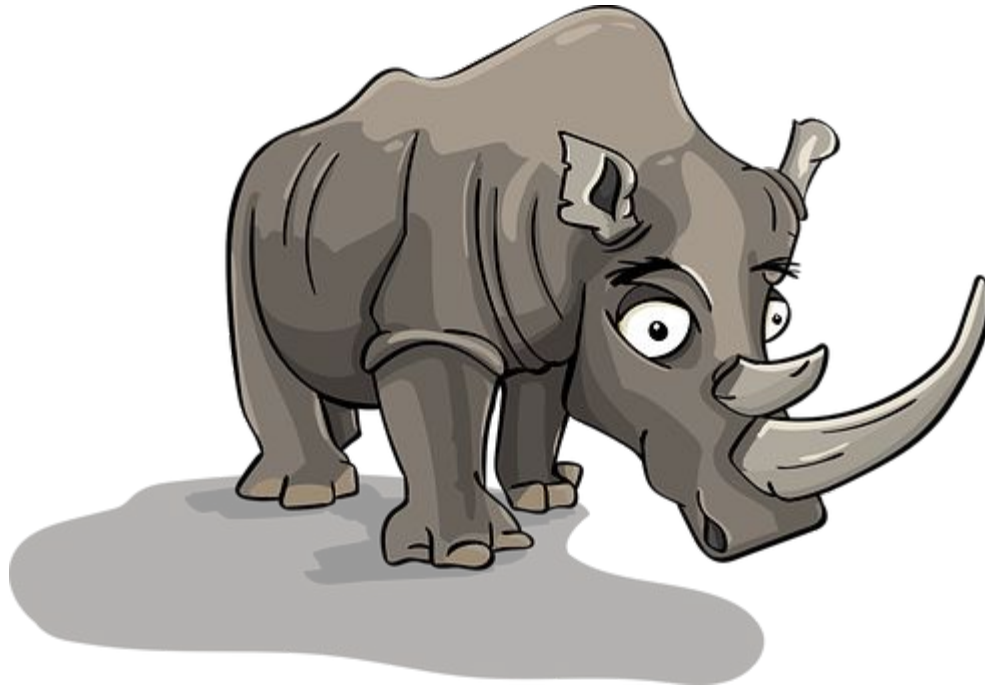
zebras

/ə/ - vibration

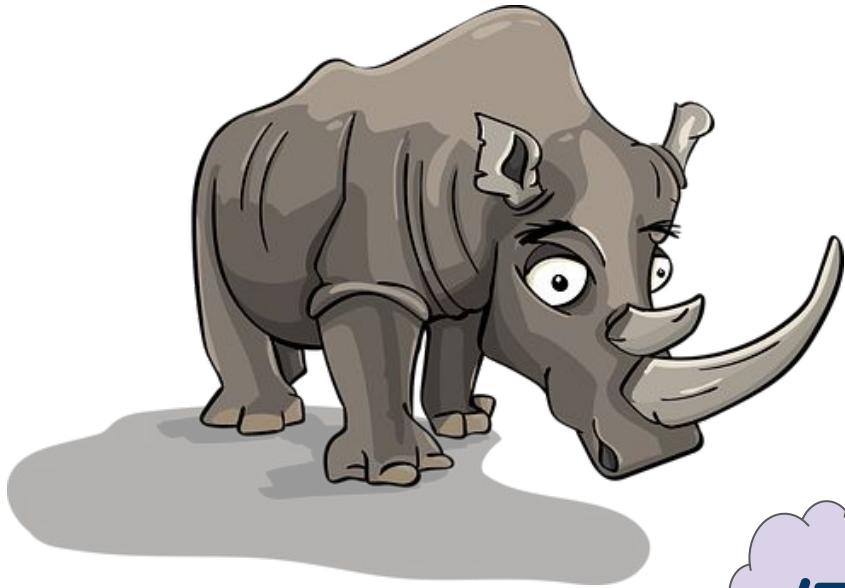
Z (zi:brəz)

# Zoo Video

7



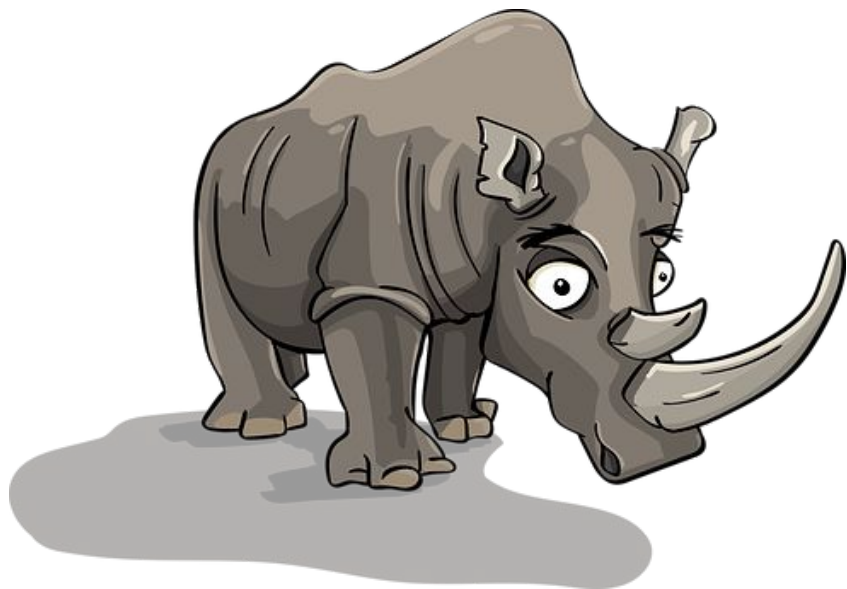
# Zoo Video



rhino



# Zoo Video



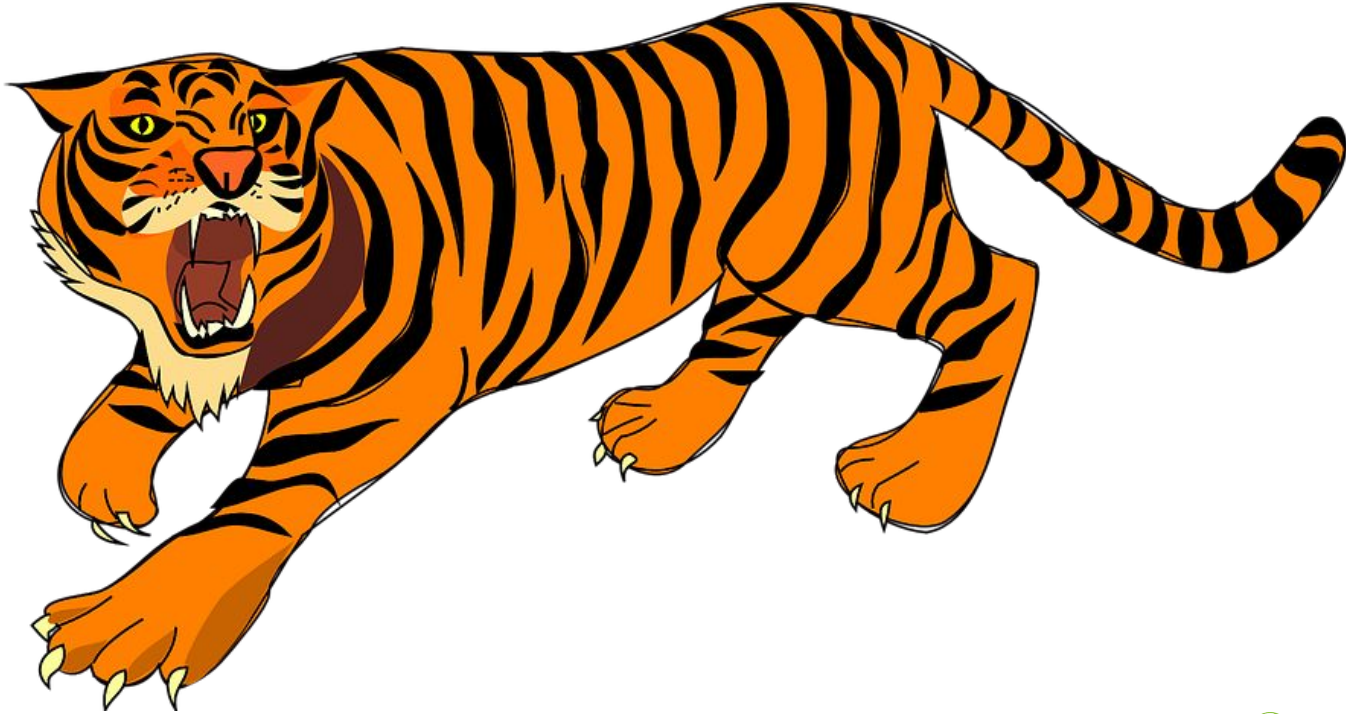
rhinos

vowel - vibration

Z (rainəʊz)

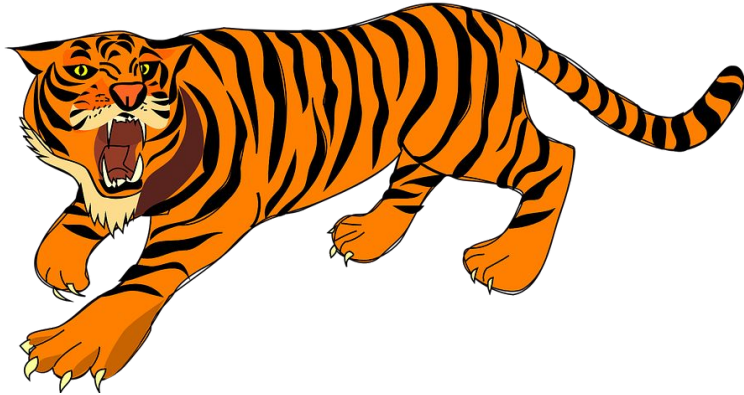
# Zoo Video

8

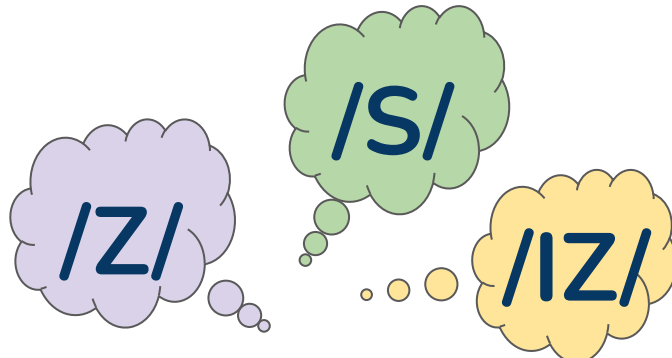




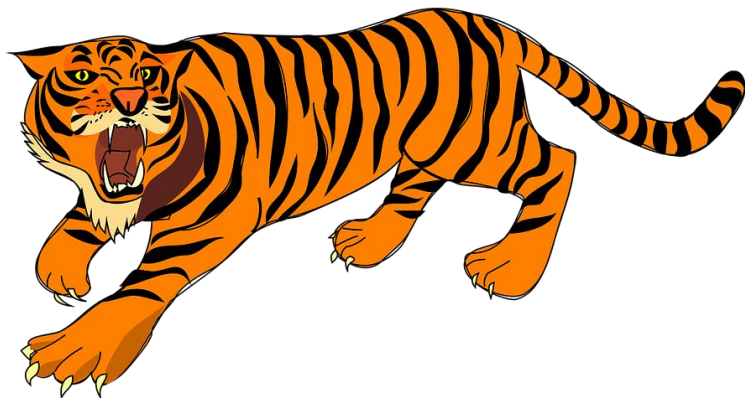
# Zoo Video



tiger



# Zoo Video



tigers

/r/ - vibration

Z (taɪgəz)

# Zoo Video

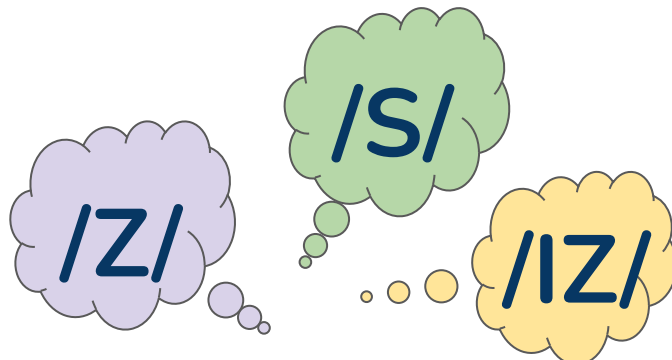
9



## Zoo Video



# meerkat



## Zoo Video



# meerkats

/t/ - vibration

S (mi:əkæts)

# Zoo Video

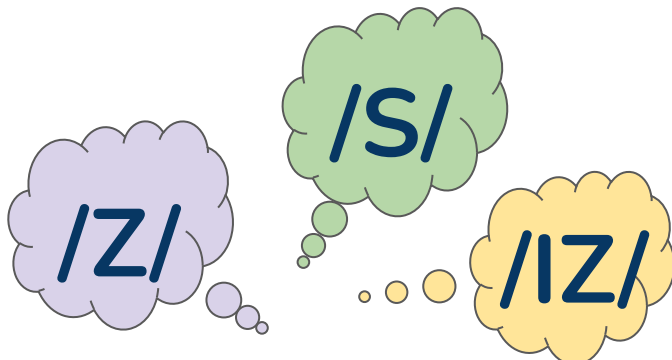
10



## Zoo Video



# gazelle



# Zoo Video



gazelles

/l/ - vibration

Z (gæzɛlz)



# Pets

11



# Zoo Video



horse



# Zoo Video



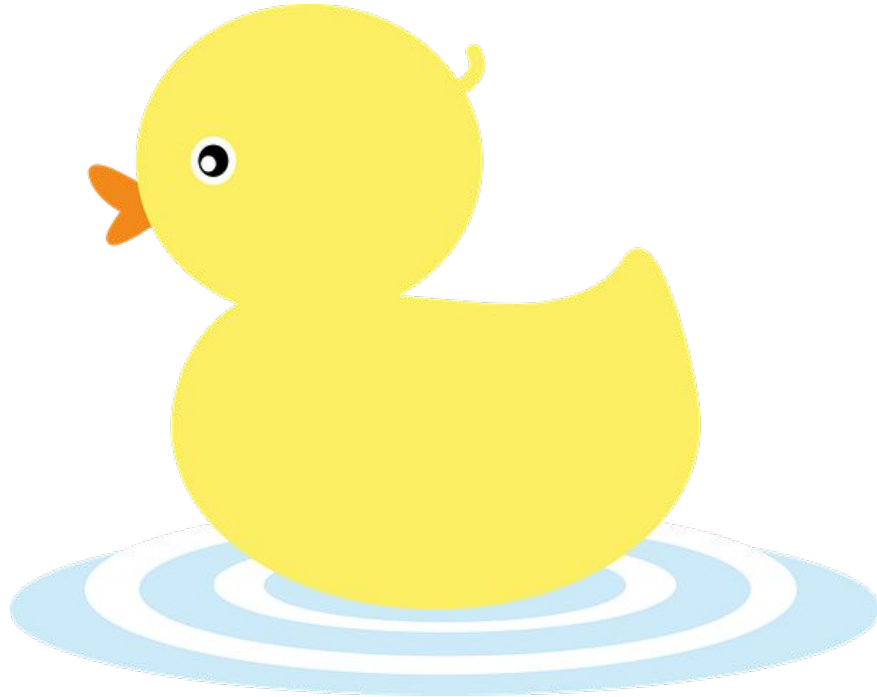
# horses

EXCEPTION

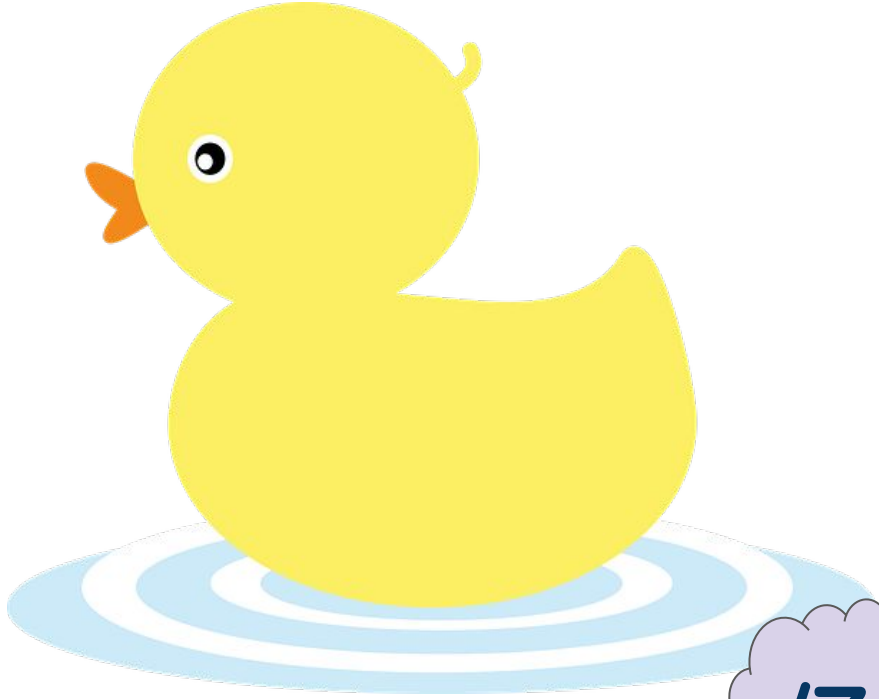
IZ (hɔ:sɪz)

# Pets

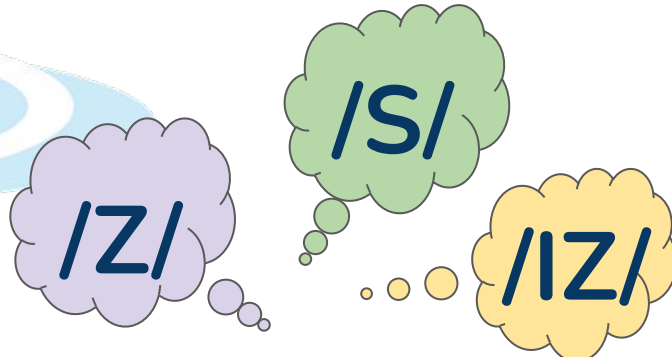
12



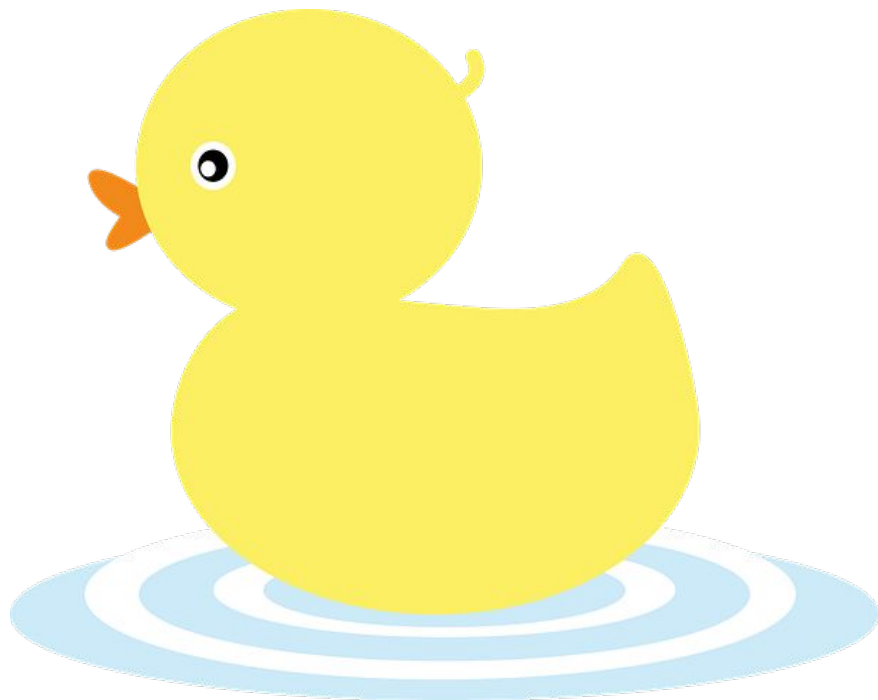
# Zoo Video



duck



# Zoo Video



duckks

/k/ - vibration  
S (dʌks)

# Pets

13



# Zoo Video



bird





# Zoo Video



birds

/d/ - vibration

Z (b3:dz)

# Pets

14



# Zoo Video



1 fish

2 fish

# Pets

15



# Zoo Video



sloth



# Zoo Video



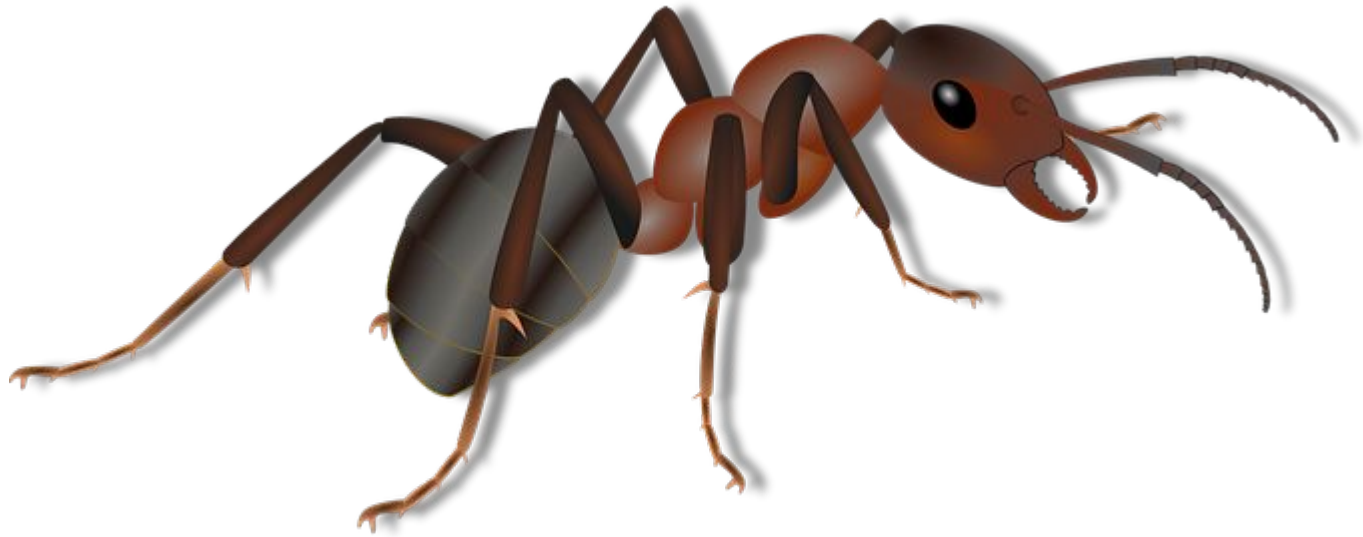
sloths

/θ/ - vibration

S (sləvθs)

# Pets

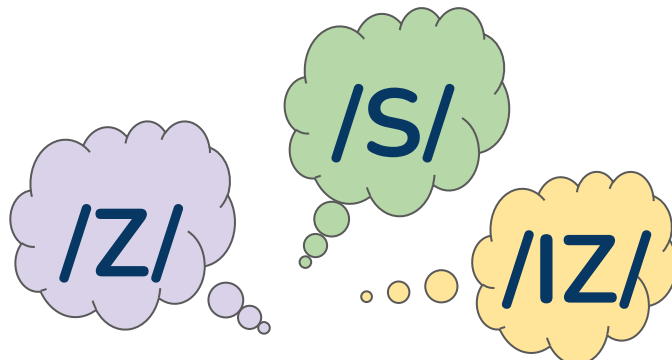
16



# Zoo Video

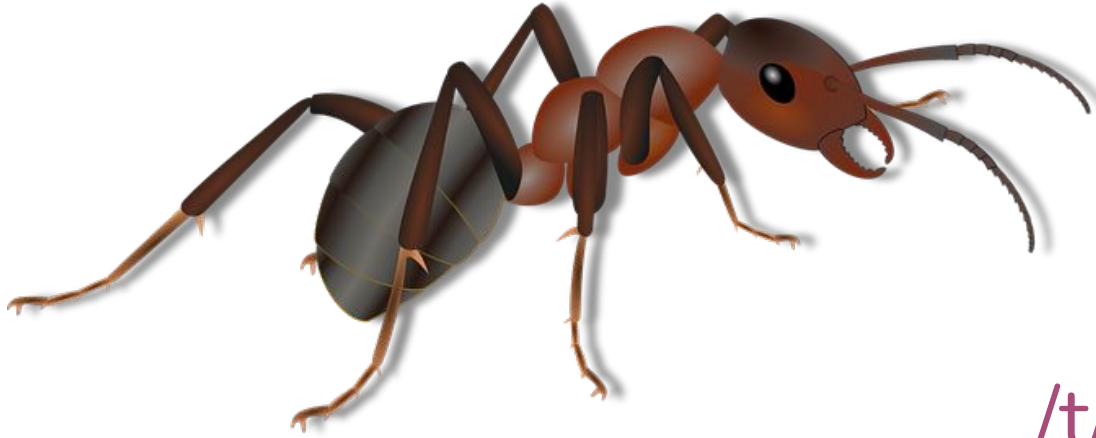


ant





# Zoo Video



ants

/t/ - vibration

S (ænts)

# Pets

17



# Zoo Video



# iguana



# Zoo Video



iguanas

vowel - vibration

Z (ɪgwɑːnəz)

# Zoo Video

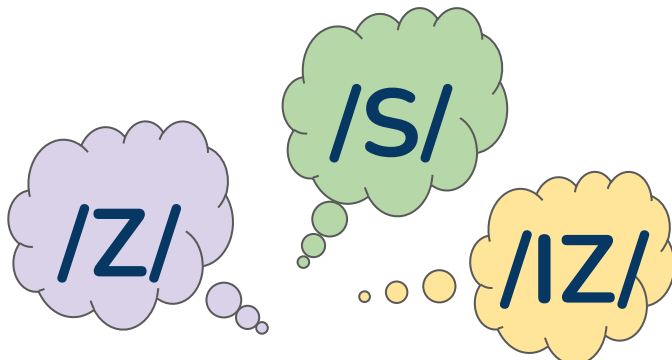
18



# Zoo Video



panda



# Zoo Video



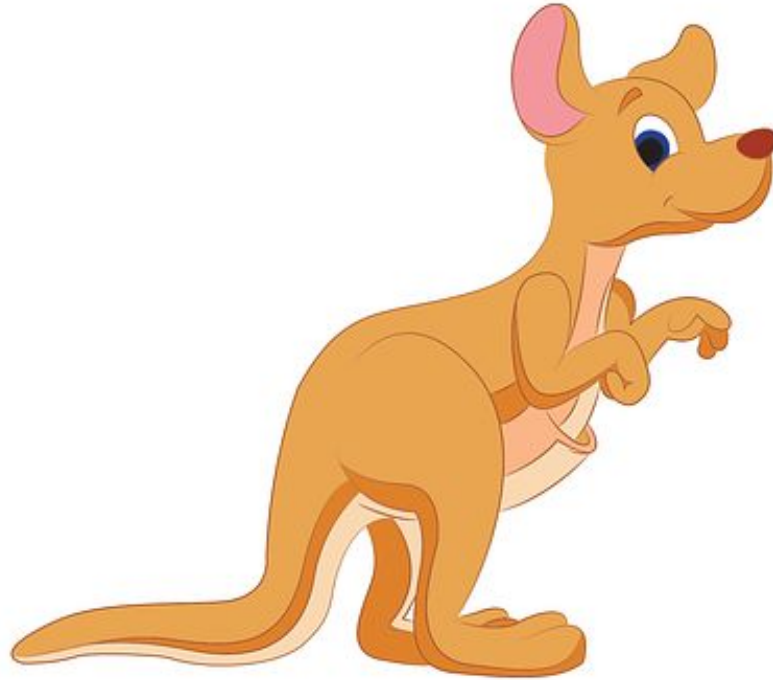
pandas

/ə/ - vibration

Z (pændəz)

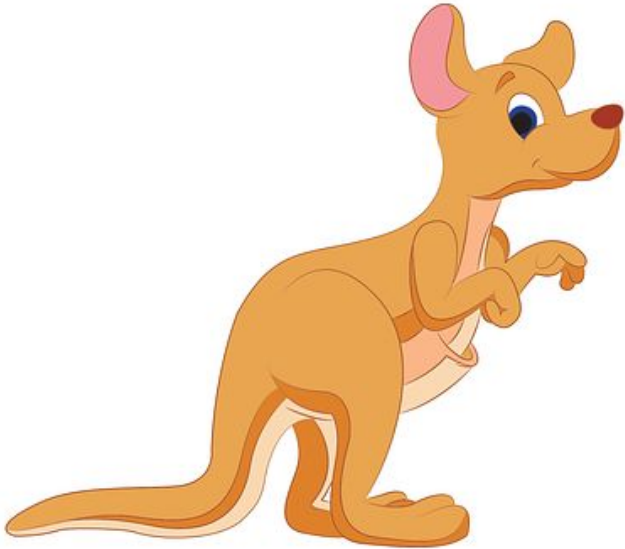
# Zoo Video

19

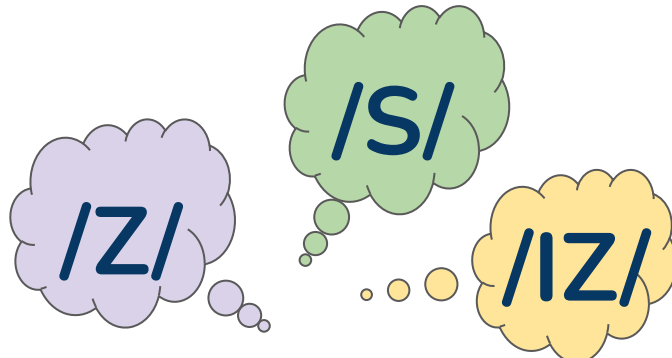




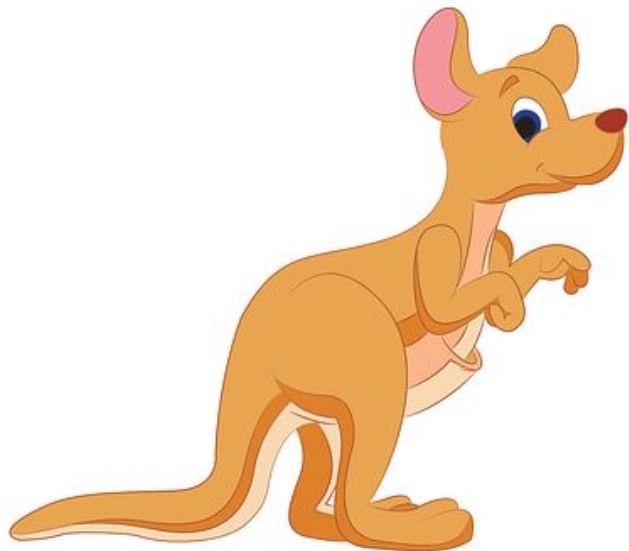
## Zoo Video



# kangaroo



## Zoo Video



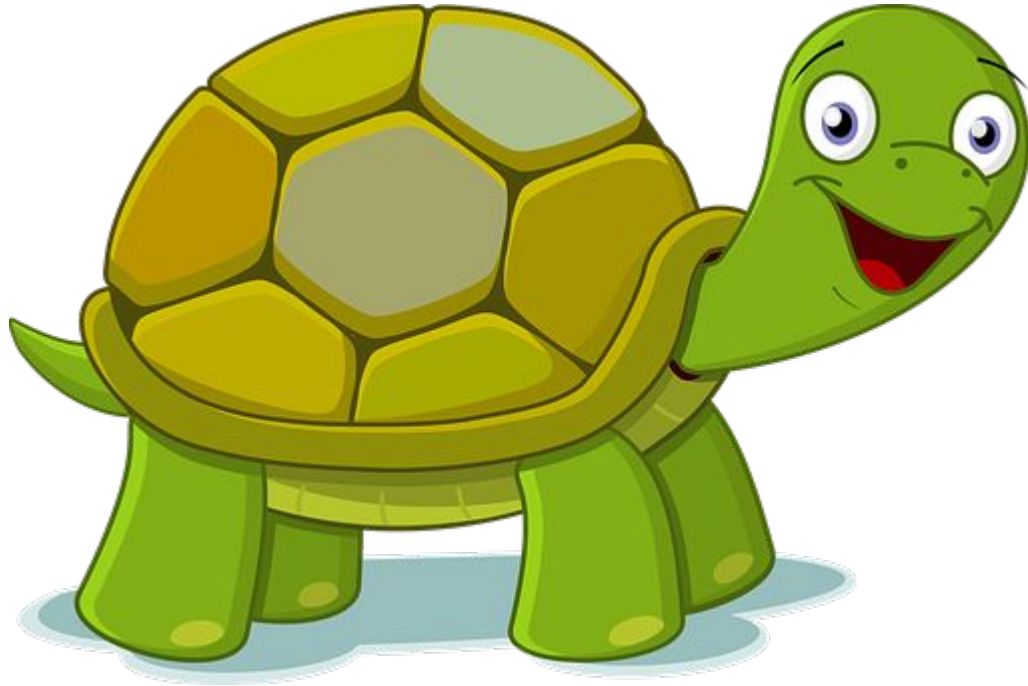
# kangaroos

/u: / - vibration

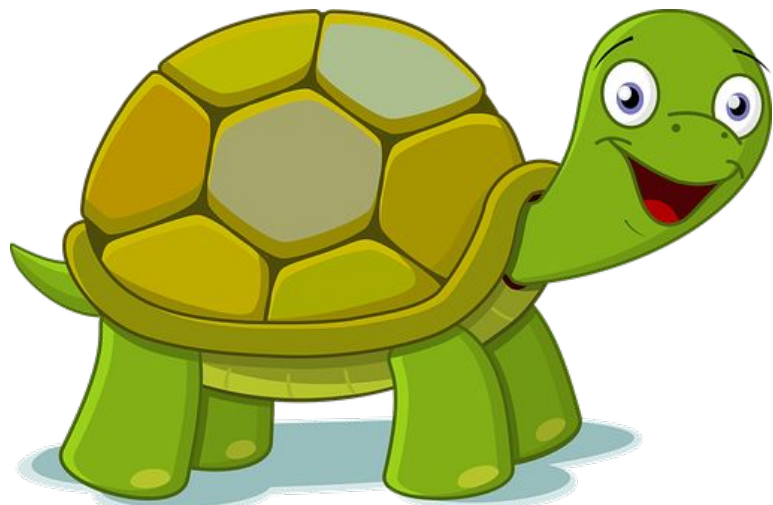
Z (kæŋgəru:z)

# Zoo Video

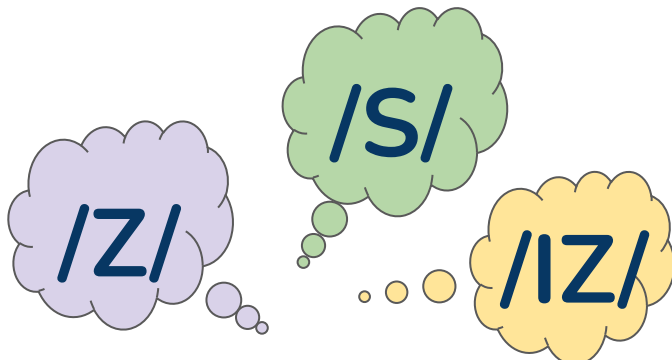
20



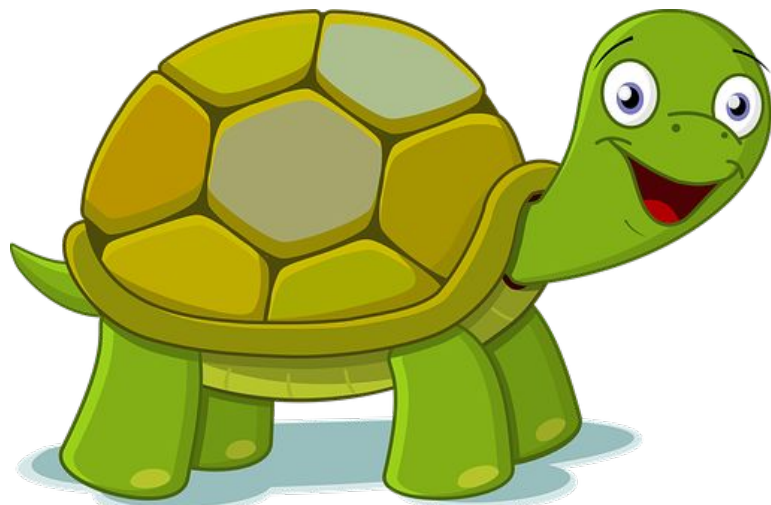
# Zoo Video



# tortoise



# Zoo Video

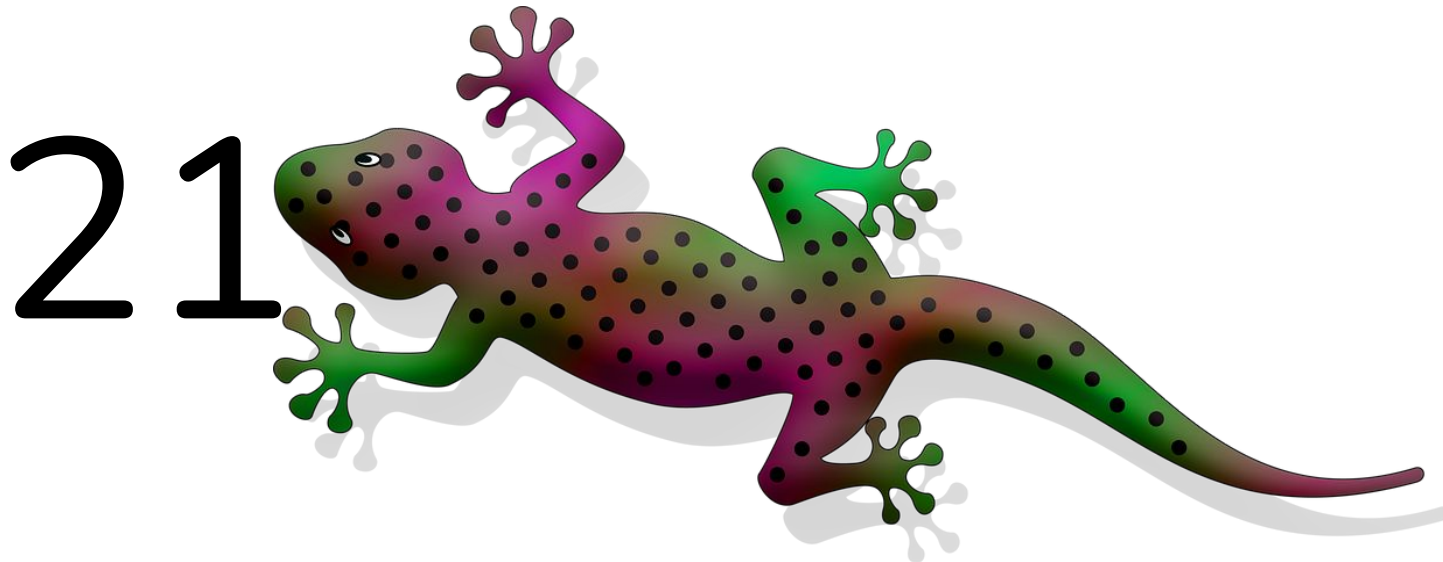


# tortoises

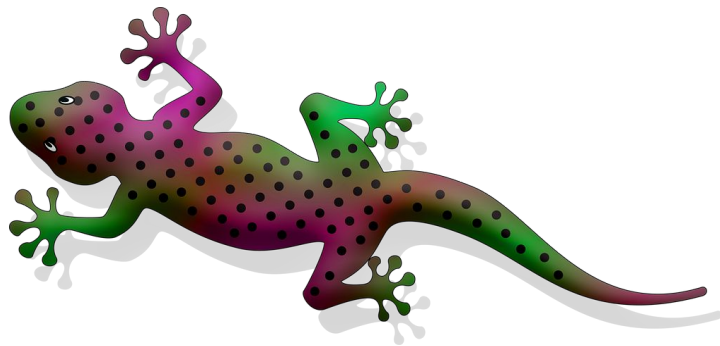
EXCEPTION

IZ (to:təsɪz)

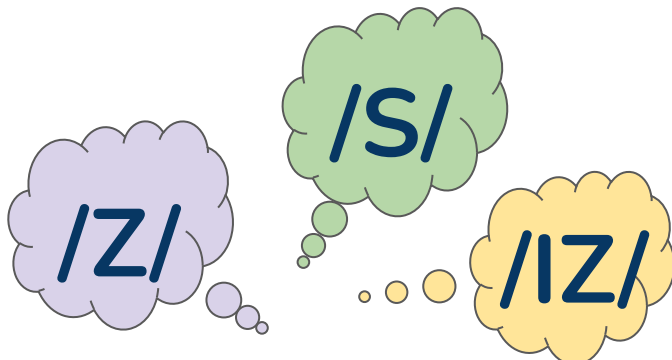
# Zoo Video



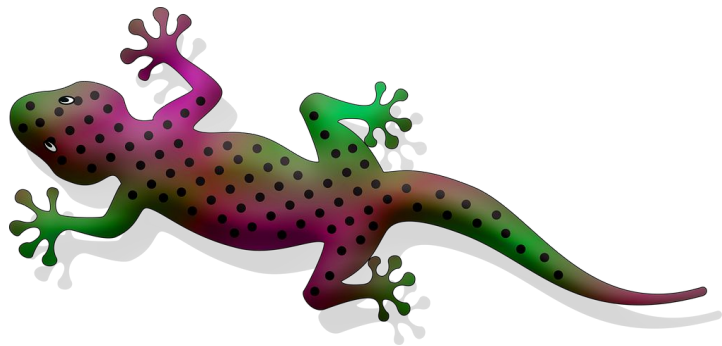
# Zoo Video



# lizard



# Zoo Video



lizardds

/d/ - vibration

Z (lɪzədz)

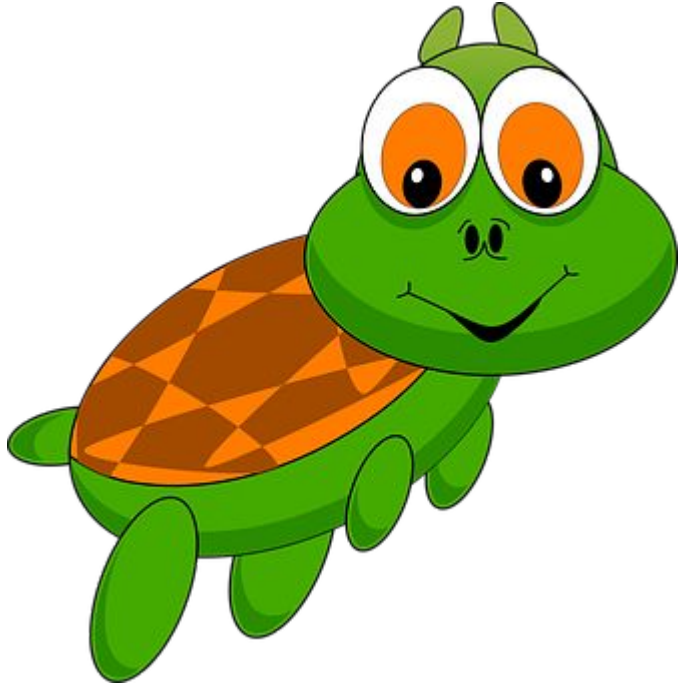


# Zoo Video

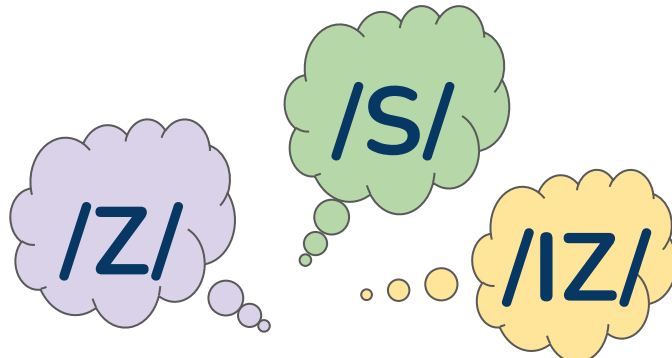
22



# Zoo Video



turtle



# Zoo Video

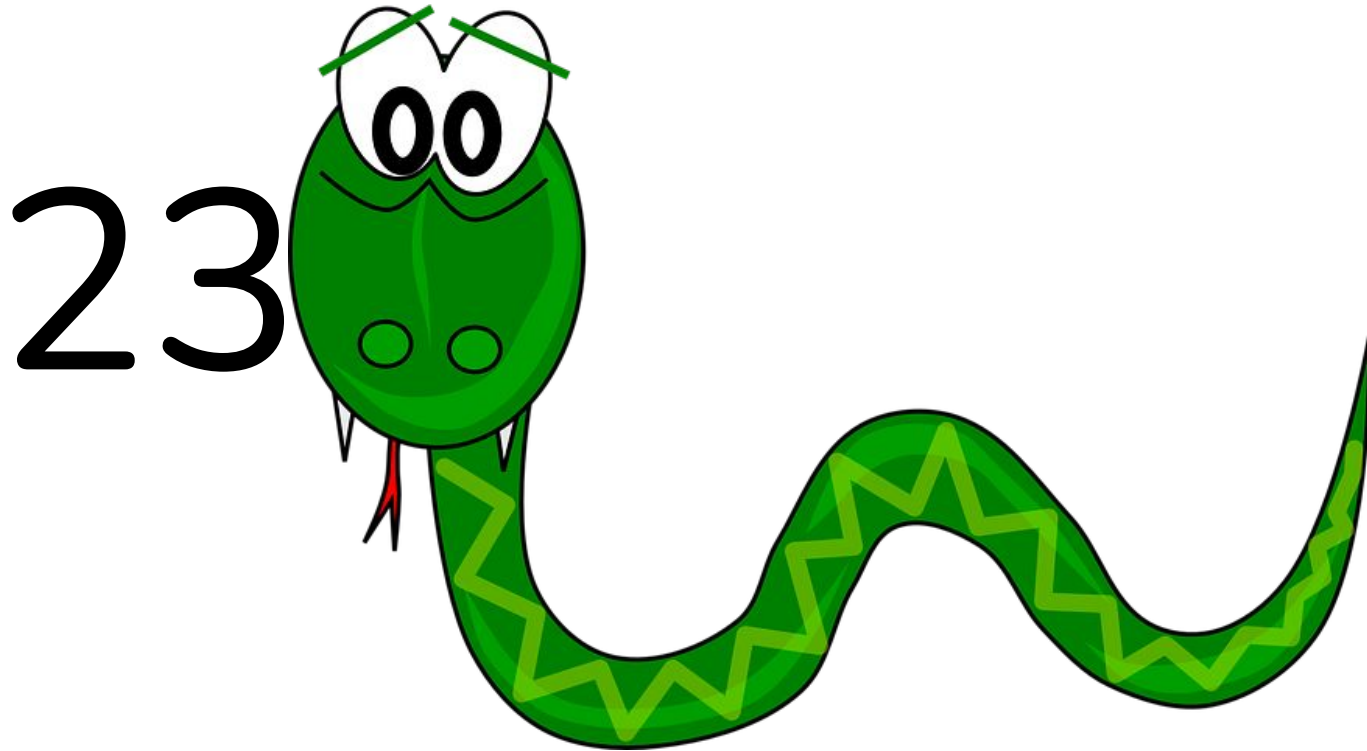


turtles

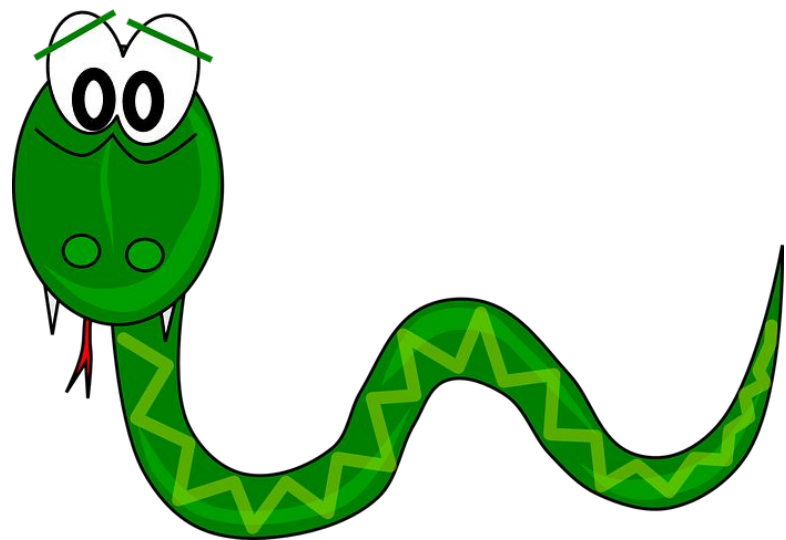
VOWEL - vibration

Z (tʒ:tlz)

# Zoo Video



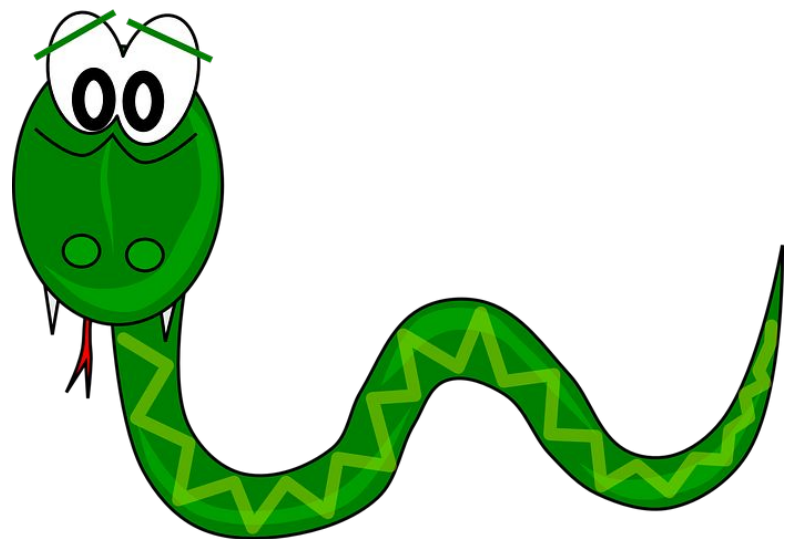
# Zoo Video



snake



# Zoo Video



snakes

/k/ - no vibration  
S (sneiks)

# Zoo Video

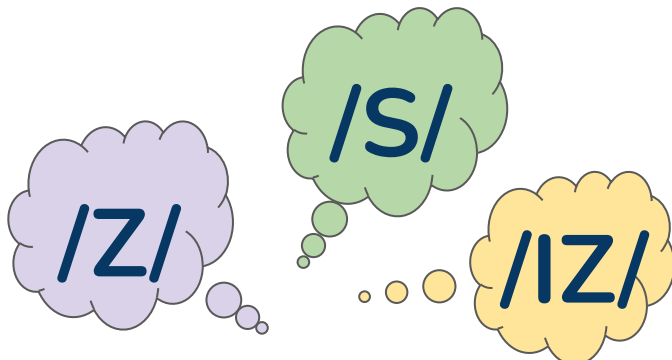
24



## Zoo Video



monkey





# Zoo Video

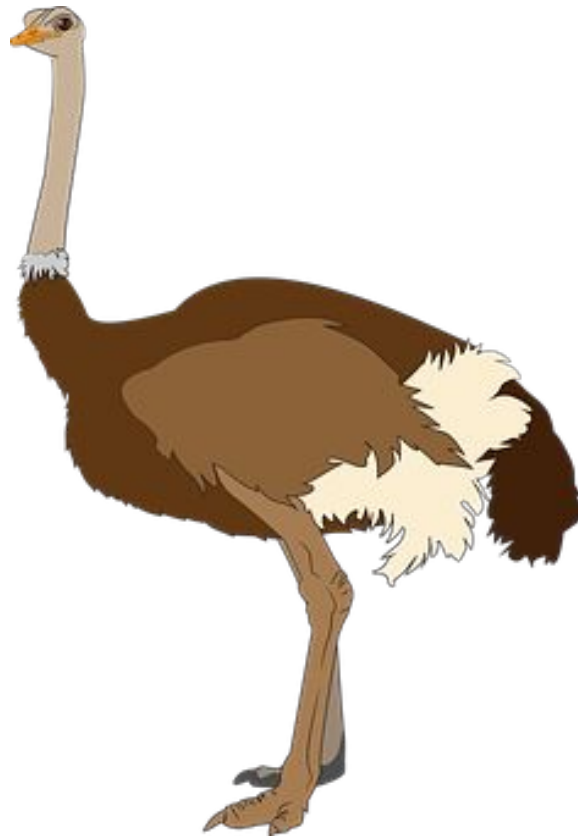


monkeys

/i:/ - vibration  
Z (mʌŋki:z)

# Zoo Video

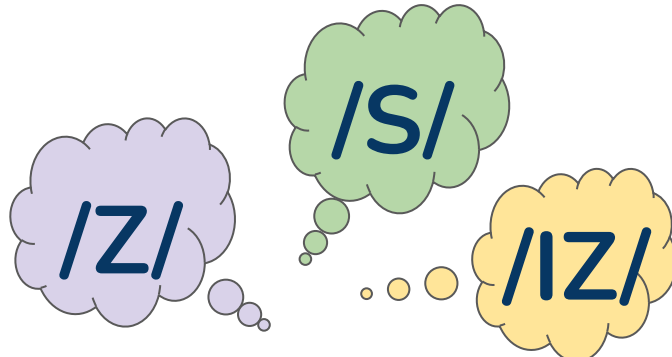
25



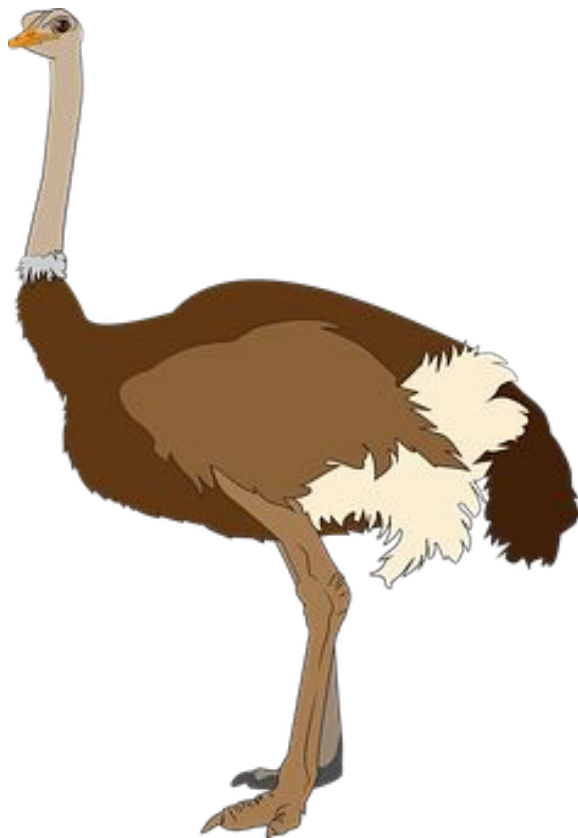
## Zoo Video



# ostrich



# Zoo Video



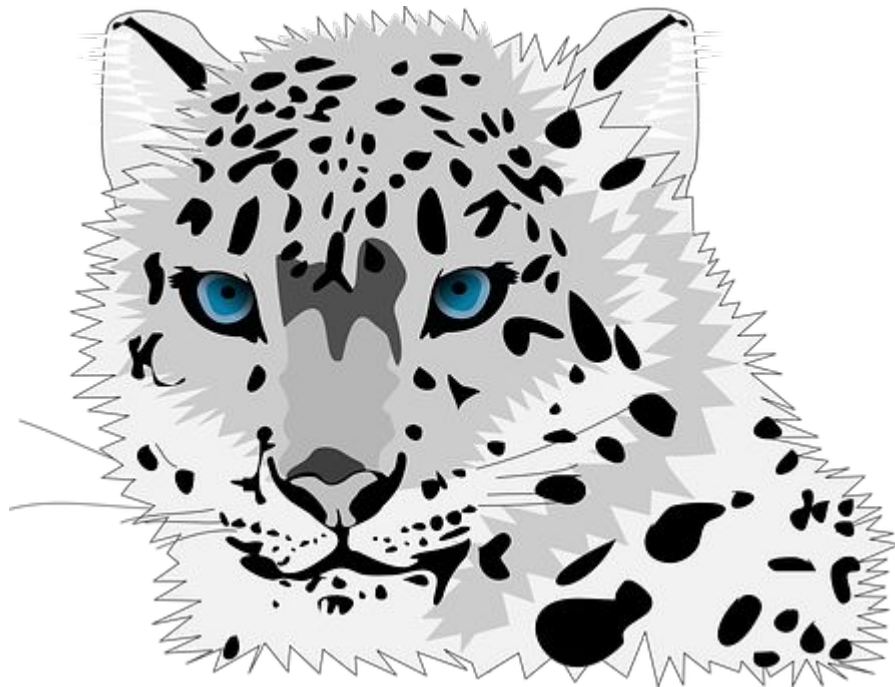
# ostriches

EXCEPTION

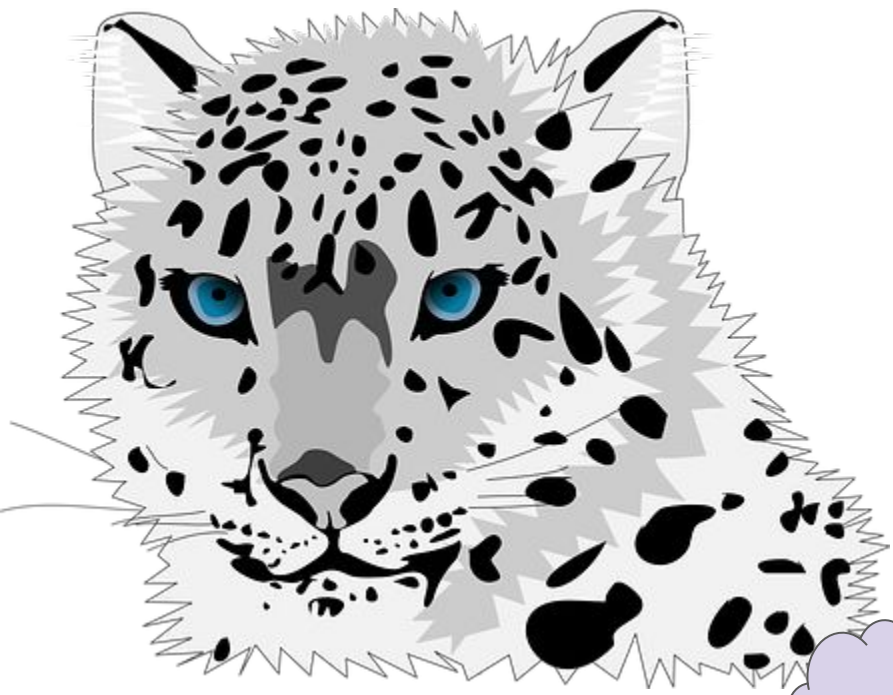
IZ (ostritIz)

# Zoo Video

26



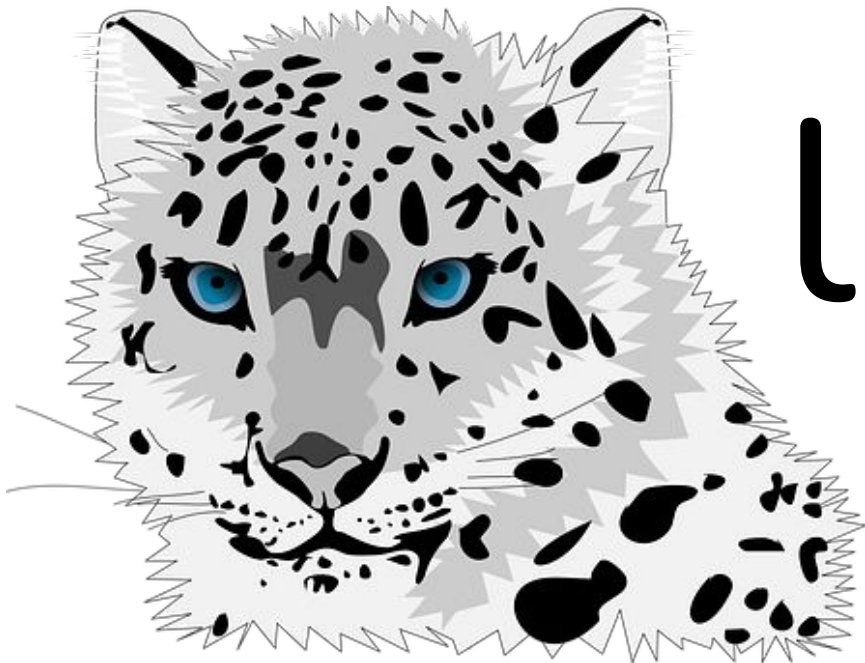
## Zoo Video



snow  
leopard



# Zoo Video



# leopardds

/d/ - no vibration  
Z (lɛpədz)

# Zoo Video

27

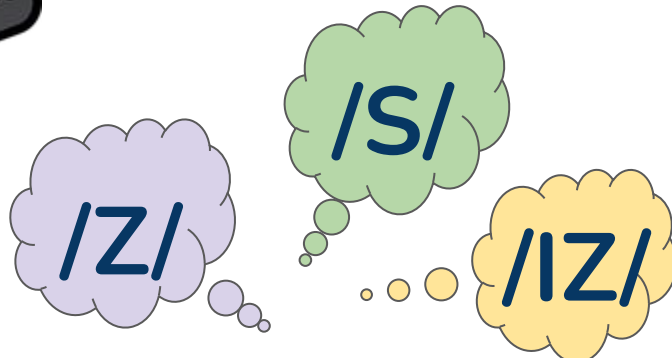




# Zoo Video



owl



# Zoo Video

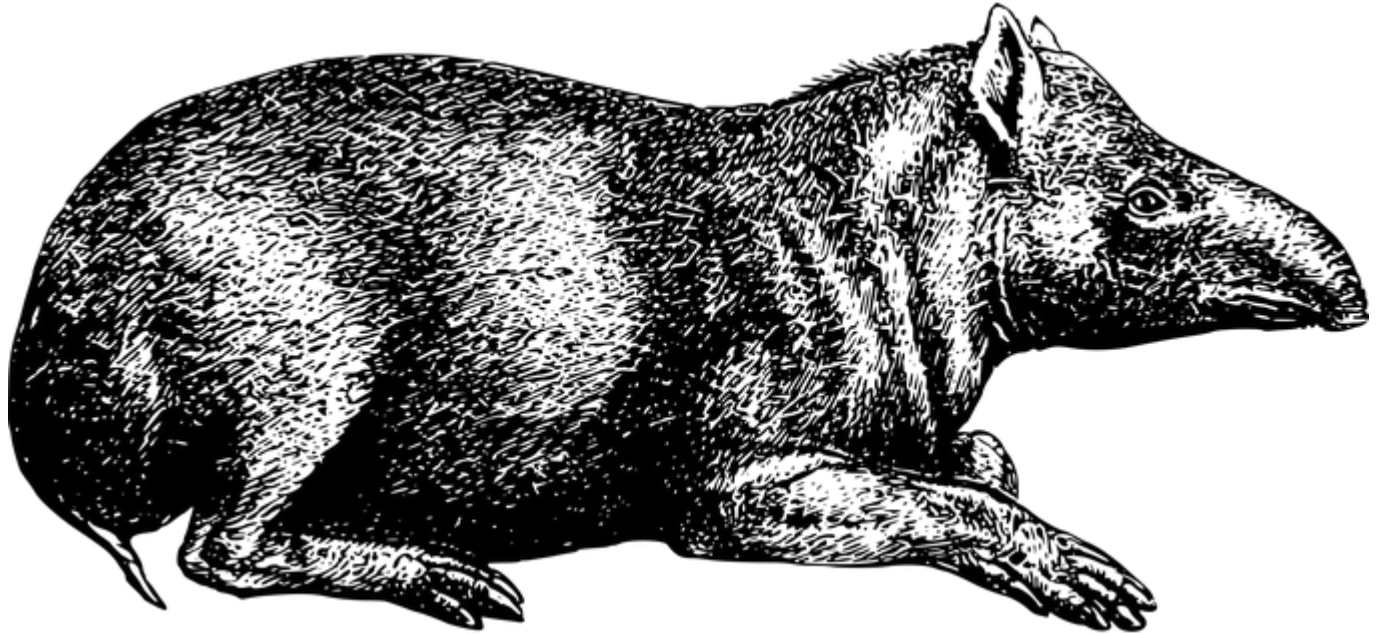


owls

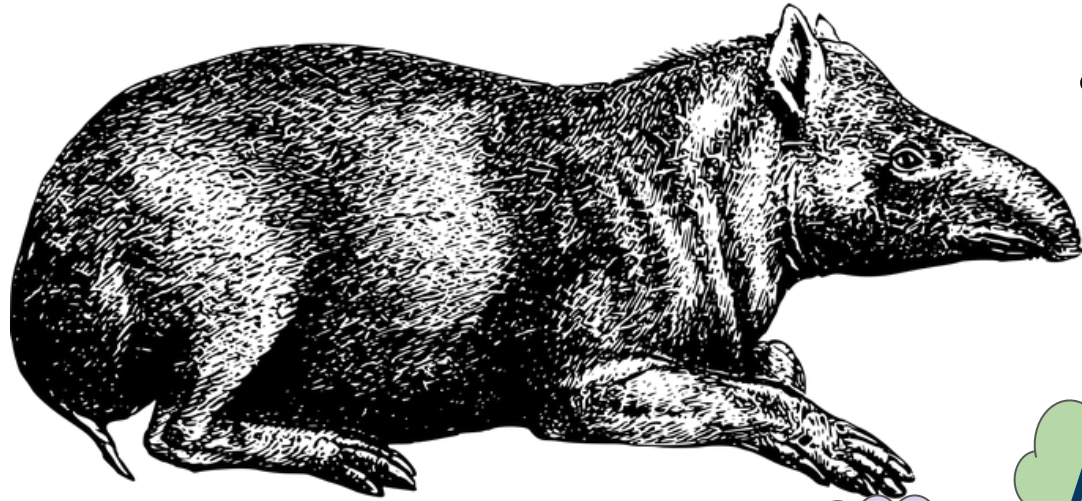
/l/ - no vibration  
Z (aυlz)

# Zoo Video

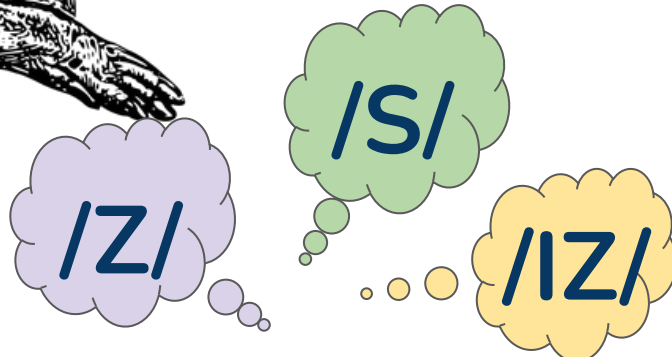
28



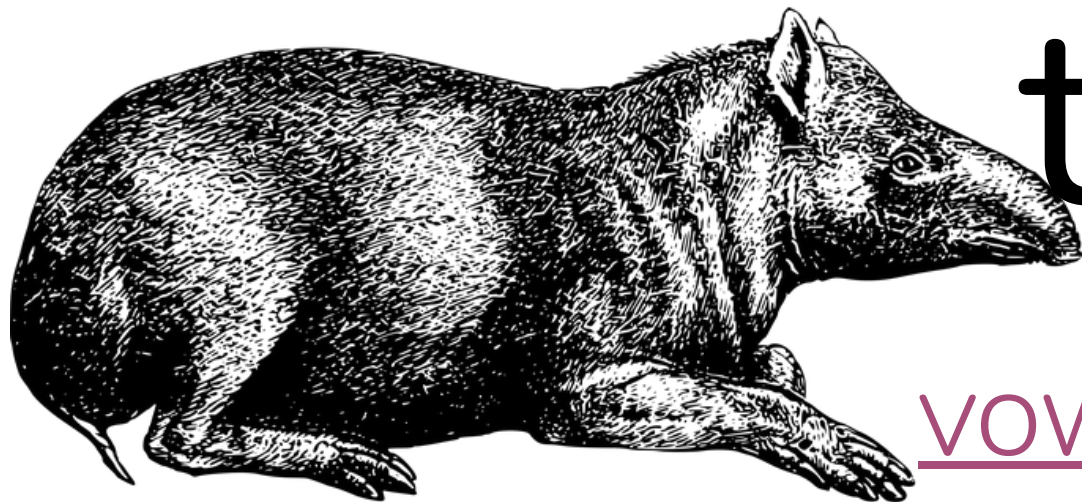
# Zoo Video



# tapir



# Zoo Video



tapis

VOWEL - no vibration

Z (teɪpəz)

# Zoo Video

29

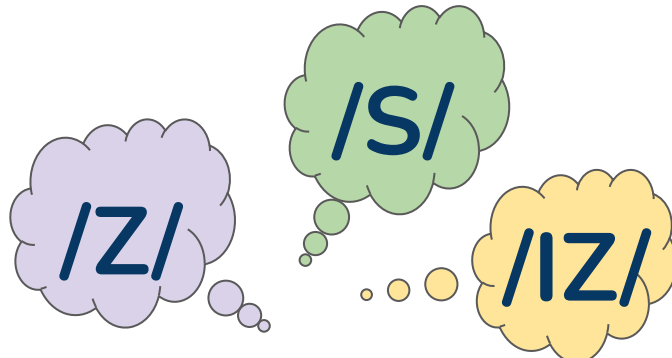




# Zoo Video



hippo



# Zoo Video



hippos

/əʊ/ - vibration

Z (hipəʊz)



# Zoo Video

1) Did you like the video at the zoo?

Yes, I did like the video

No, I didn't like the video

## Zoo Video

2) What was your favourite animal in the video?

My favourite animal was ....

## Zoo Video

3) Do you like snakes?

Yes, I like snakes

No, I don't like snakes

## Zoo Video

4) Do you like going to the zoo?

Yes, I like going to the zoo

No, I don't like going to the zoo

## Zoo Video

5) Are you scared of any animals?

Yes, I'm scared of ...

No, I'm not scared of any animals!

# Zoo Video



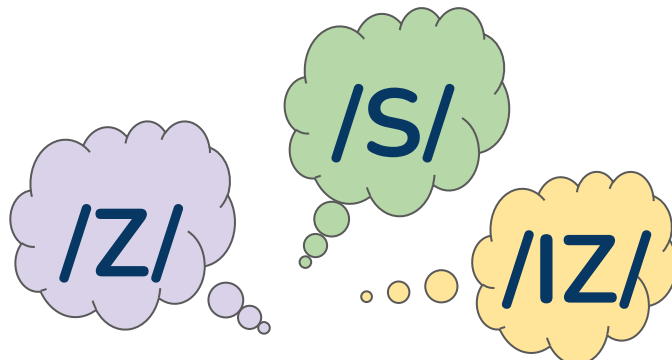
# Zoo Video



# Zoo Video



bat





# Zoo Video



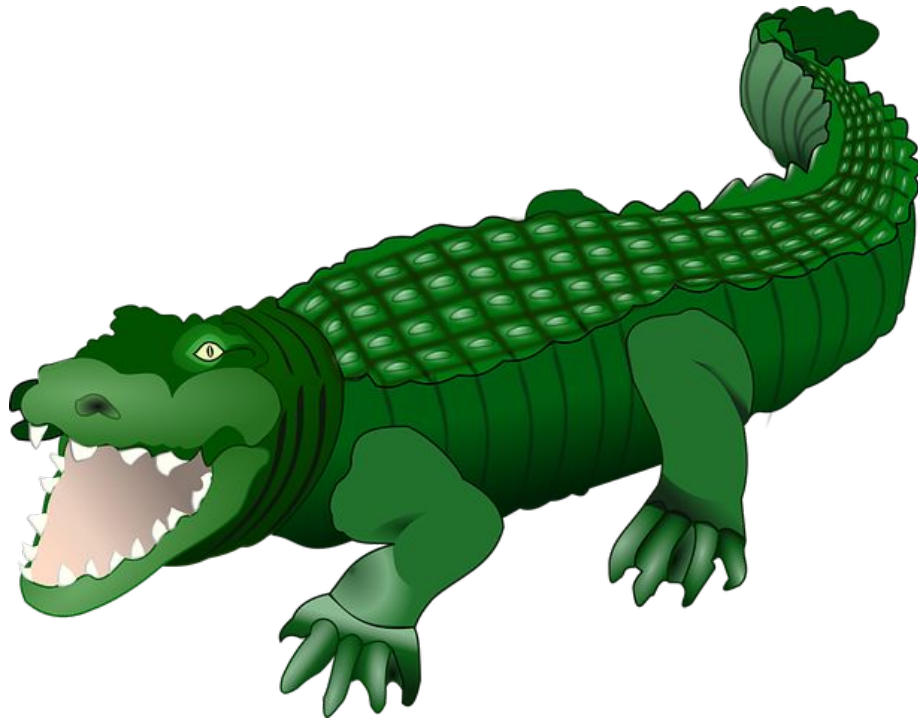
# Zoo Video



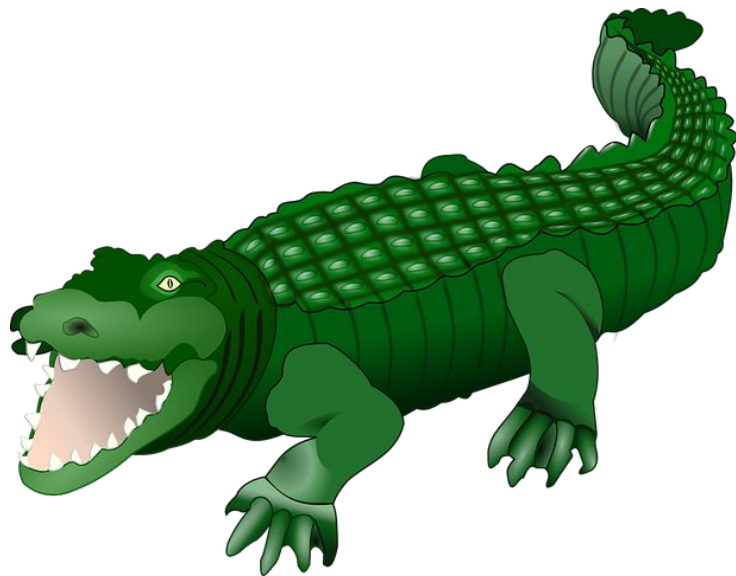
bear



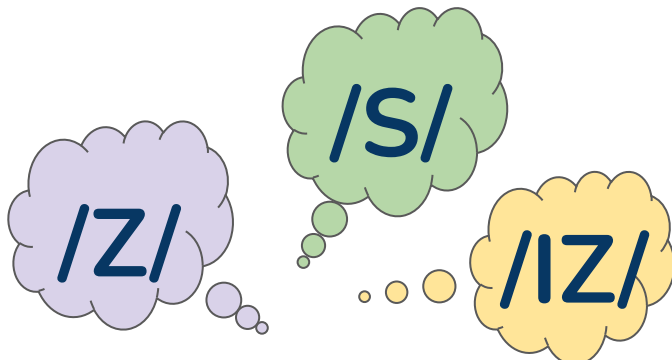
# Zoo Video



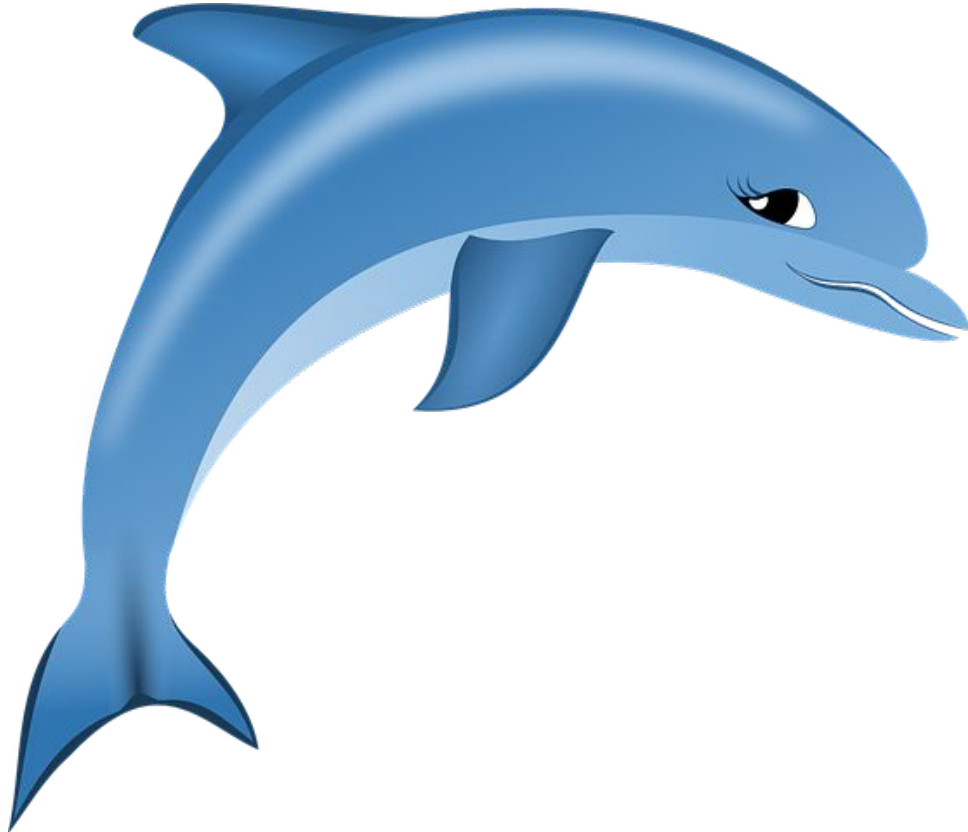
## Zoo Video



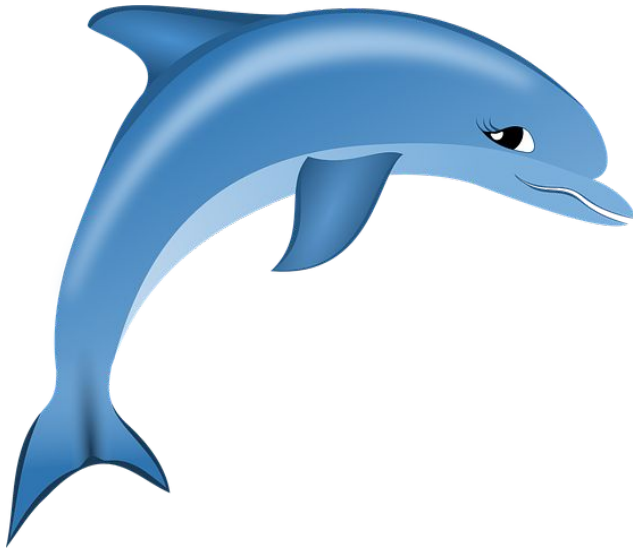
# crocodile



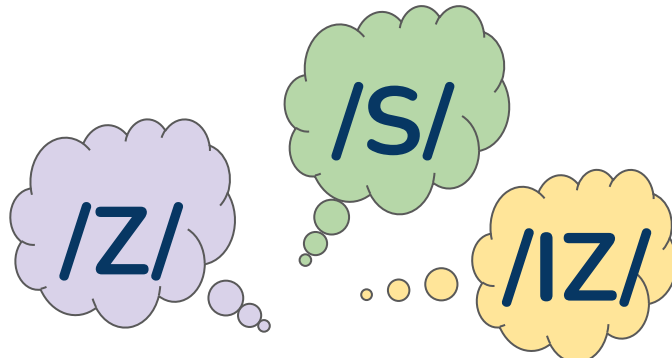
# Zoo Video



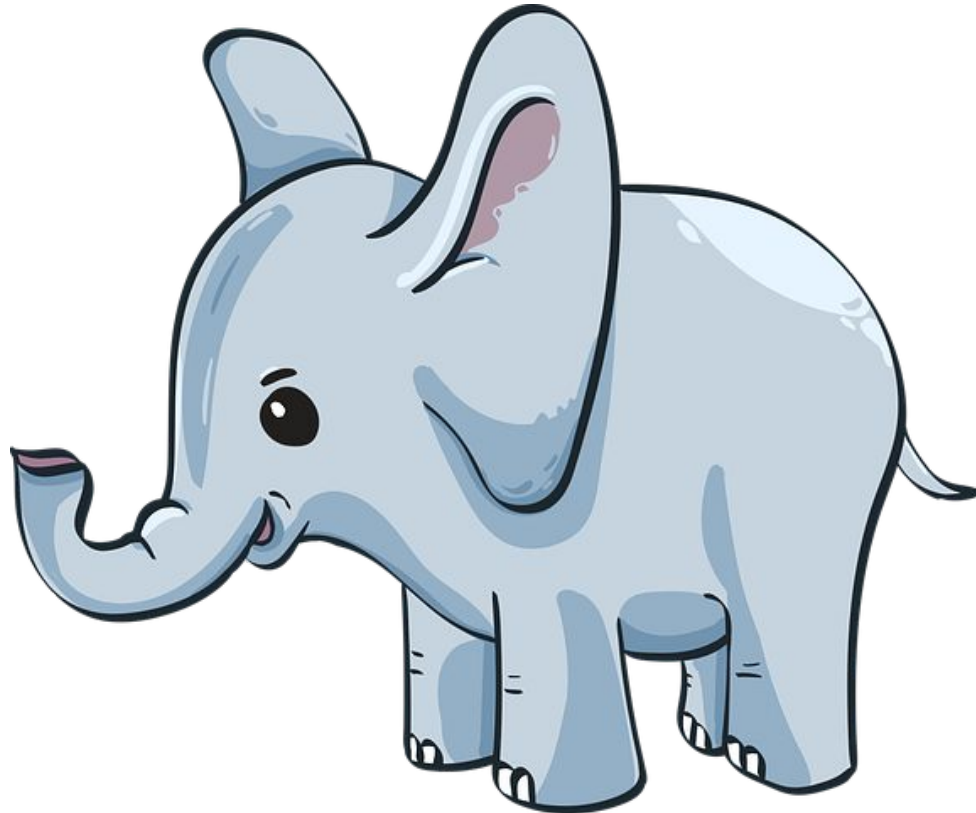
# Zoo Video



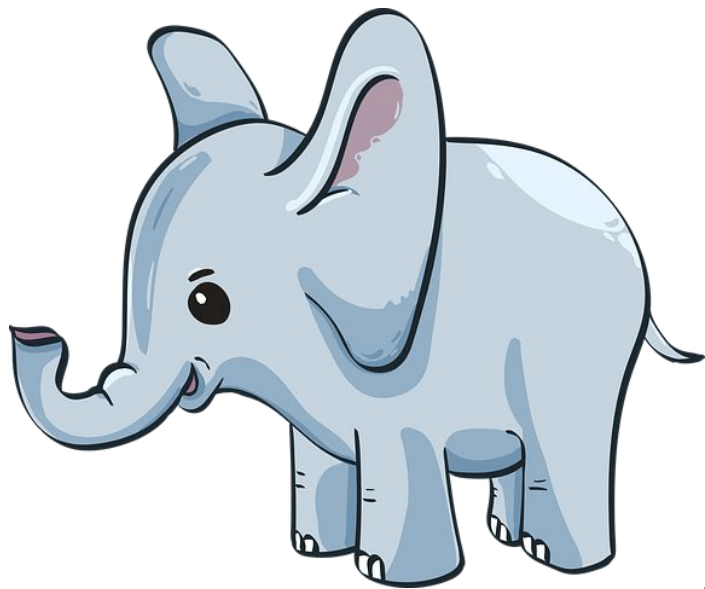
dolphin



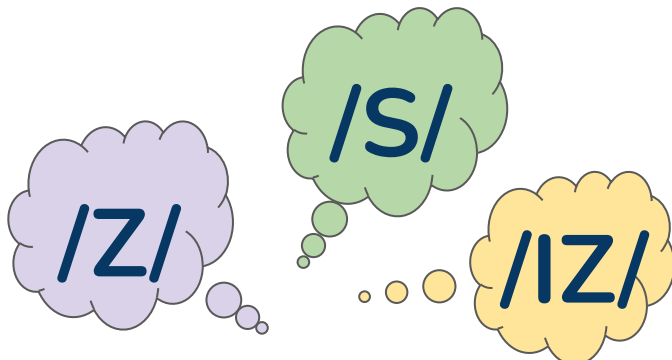
# Zoo Video



# Zoo Video

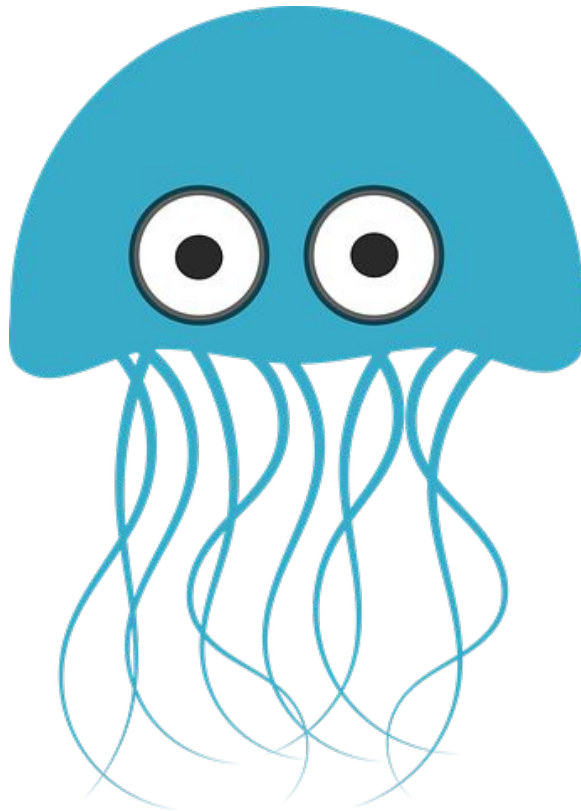


# elephant

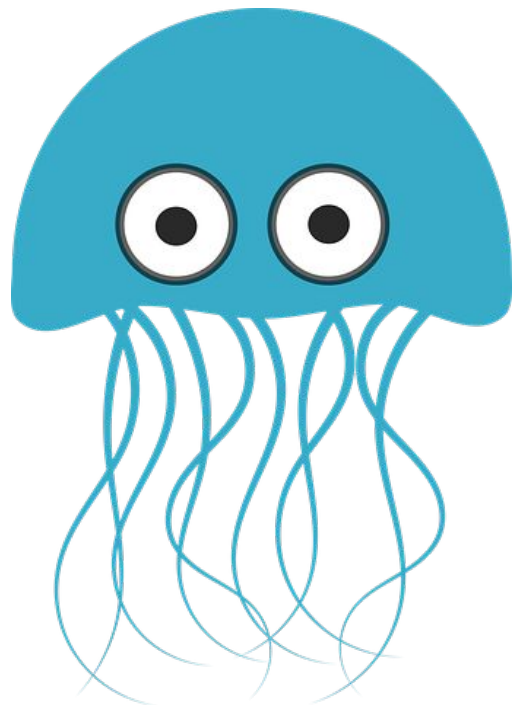




# Zoo Video



# Zoo Video



1 jellyfish

2 jellyfish

# Zoo Video



# Zoo Video



lion

/z/

/s/

/ɪz/

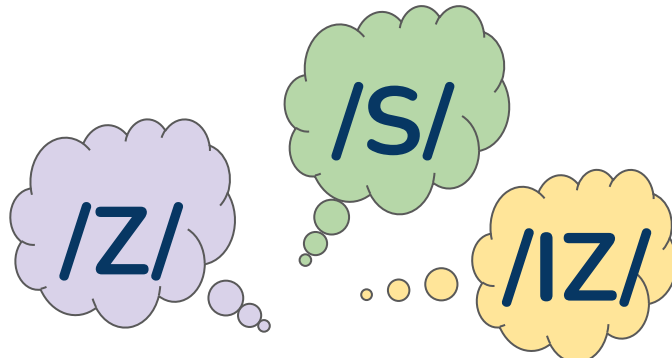
# Zoo Video



# Zoo Video



parrot



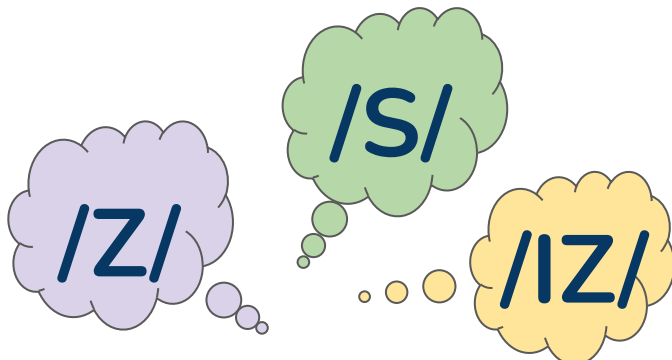
# Zoo Video



# Zoo Video

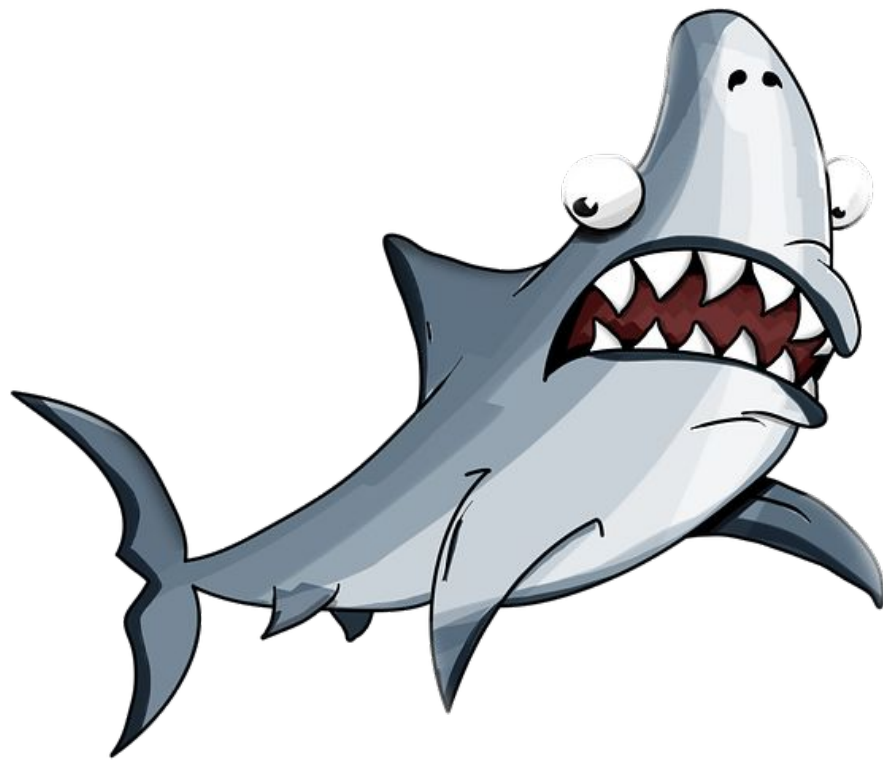


polar bear

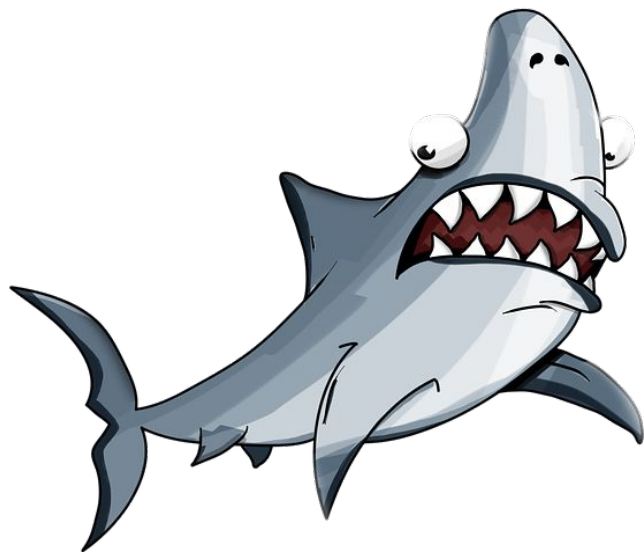




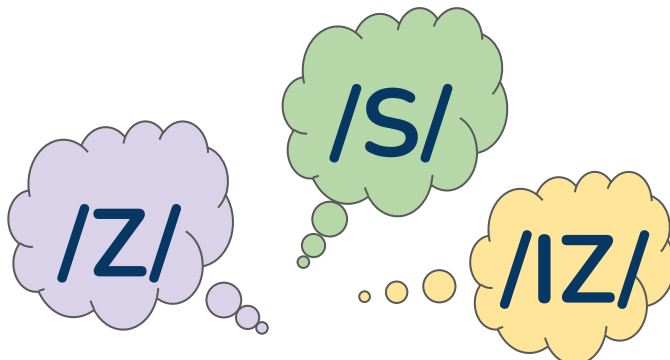
# Zoo Video



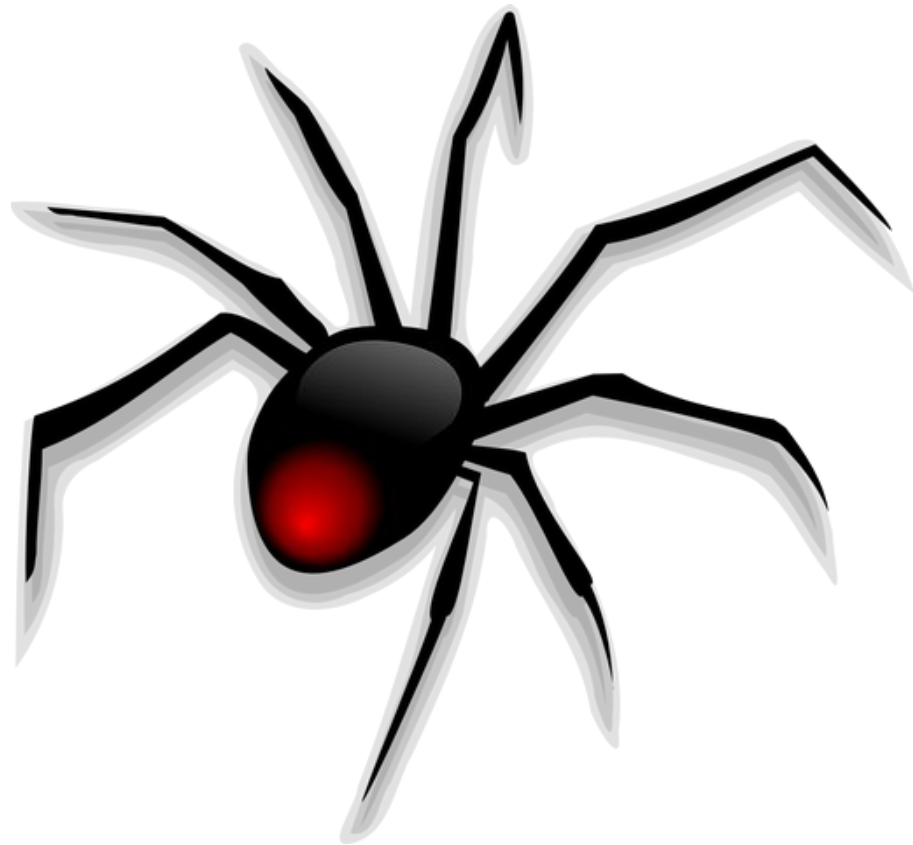
# Zoo Video



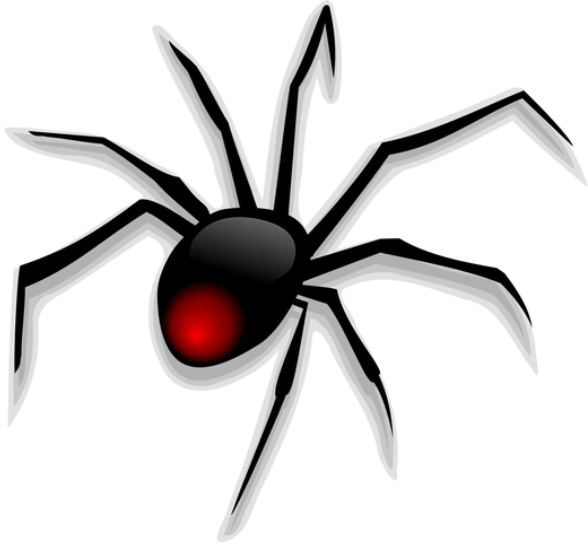
shark



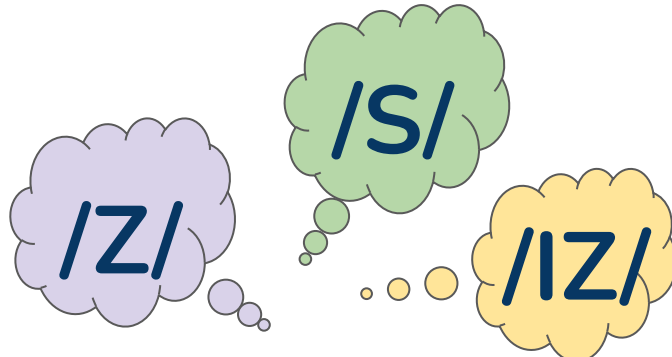
# Zoo Video



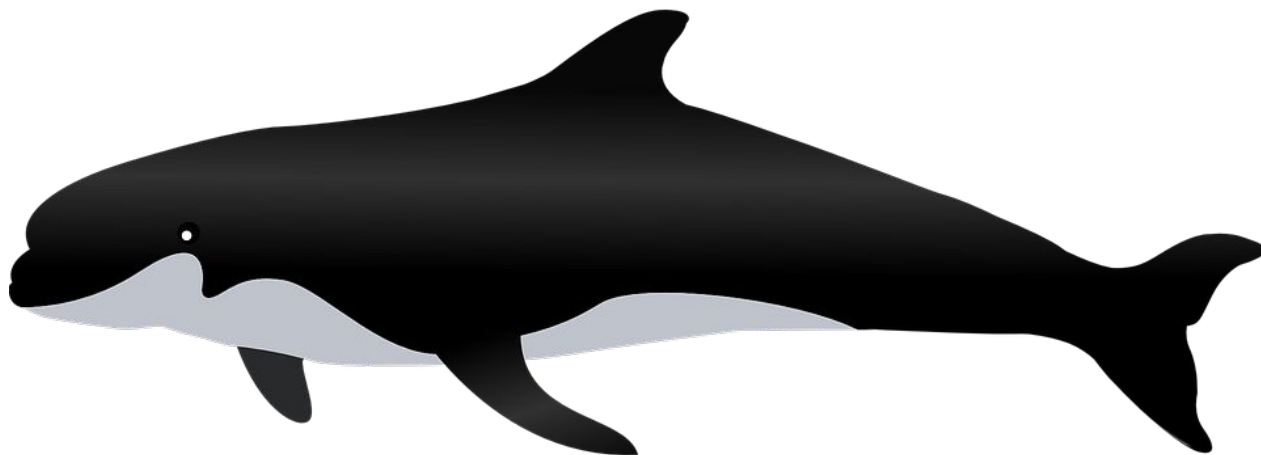
# Zoo Video



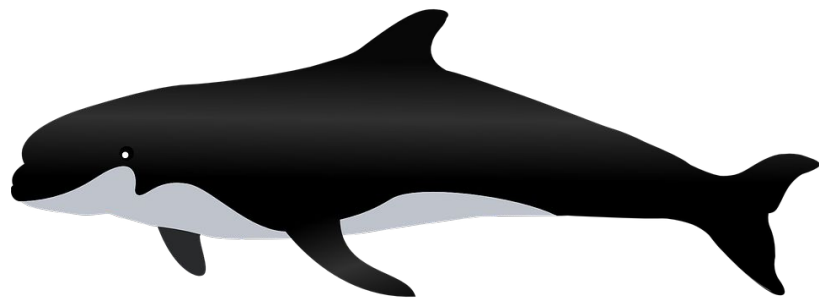
spider



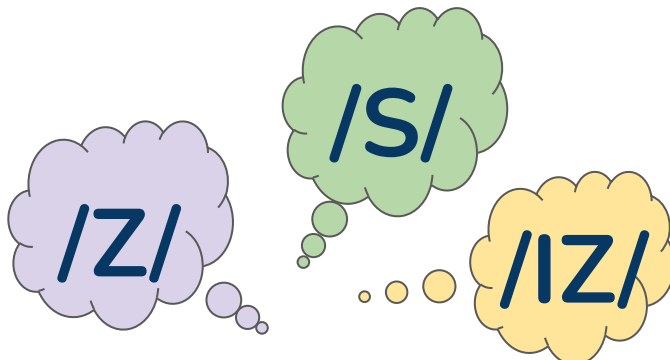
# Zoo Video



# Zoo Video



whale



# Zoo Quiz

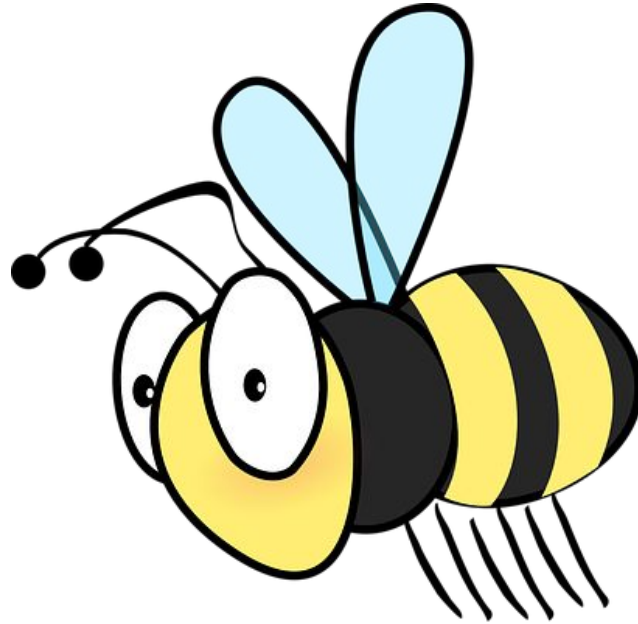
- 1) Which animal has no legs?
- 2) Which animal has 8 legs?
- 3) Name an animal that is orange.
- 4) Name an animal that lives in water.
- 5) Name an animal that flies.
- 6) Name an animal that starts with the letter Z
- 7) Which animal is very tall?

# Pets

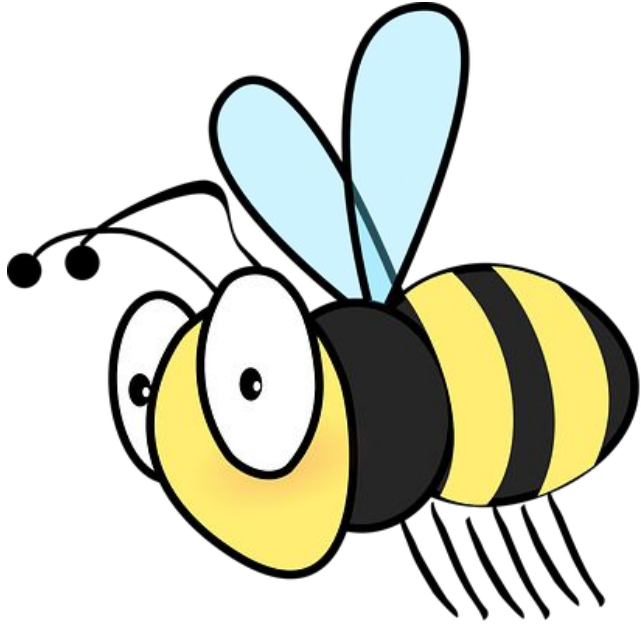




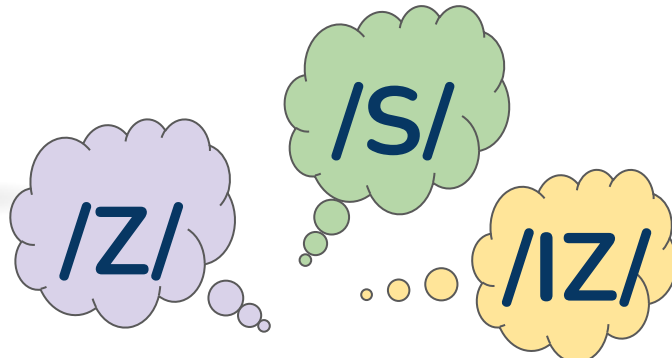
# Pets



# Zoo Video



bee



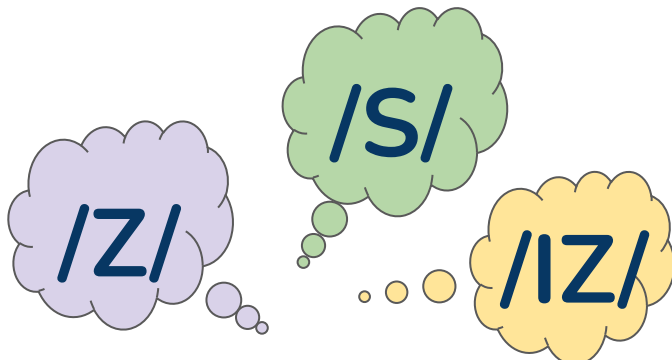
# Pets



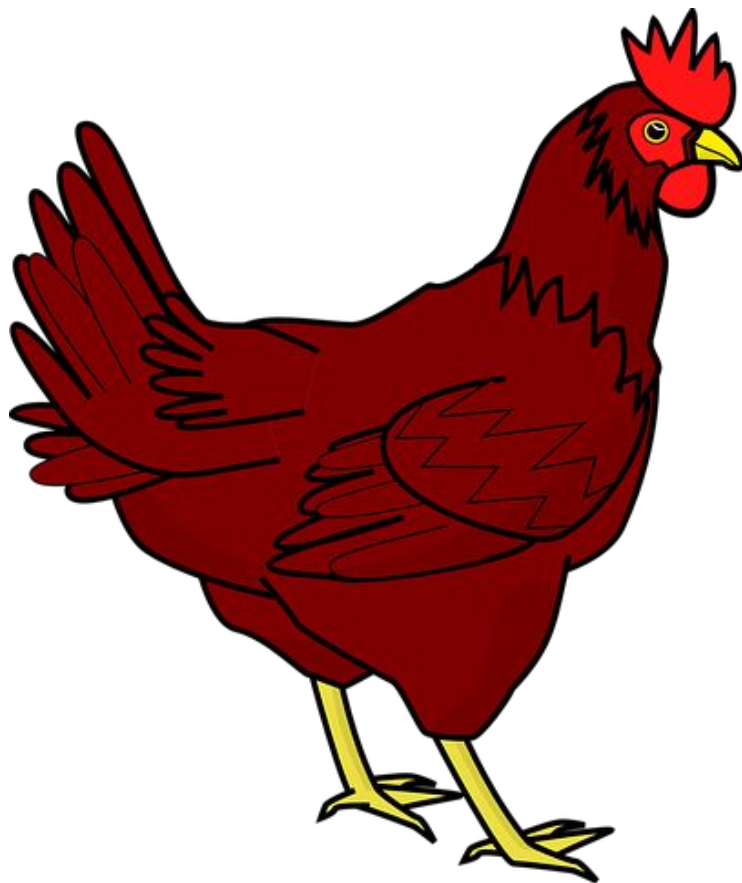
# Zoo Video



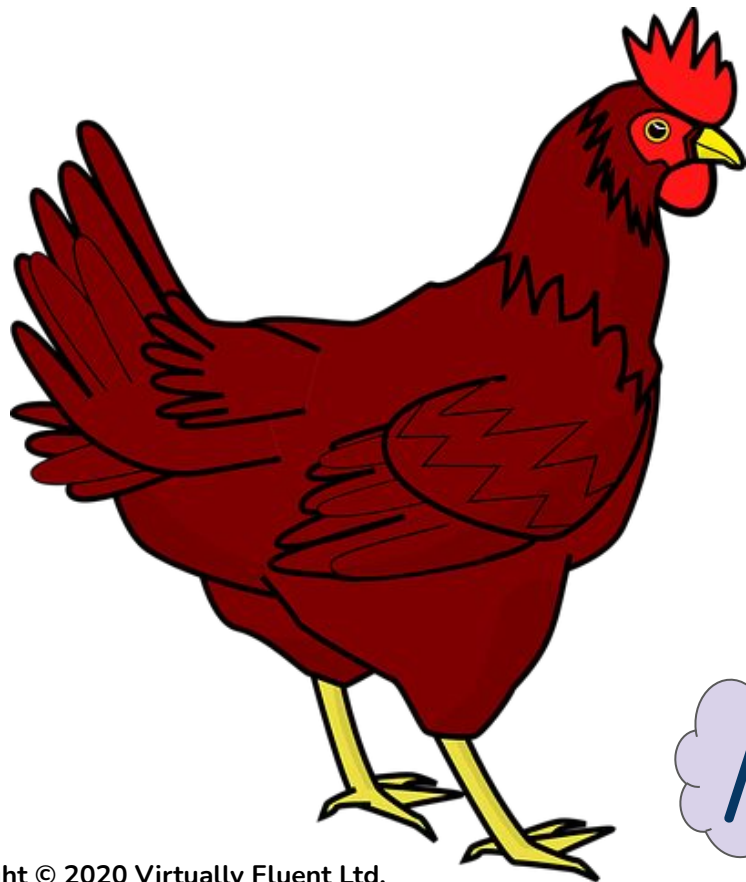
cat



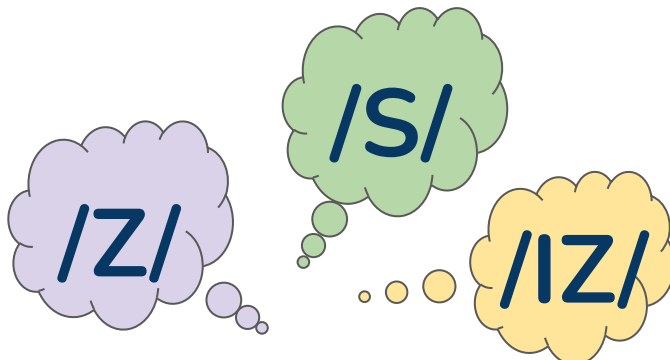
# Pets



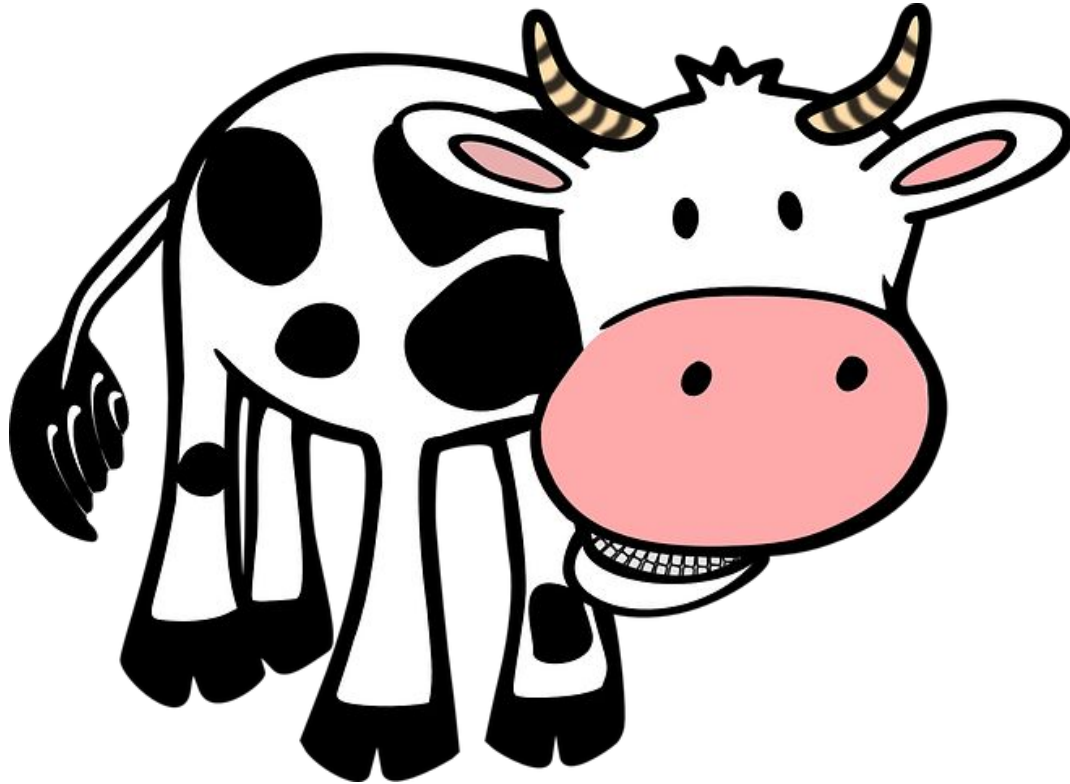
# Zoo Video



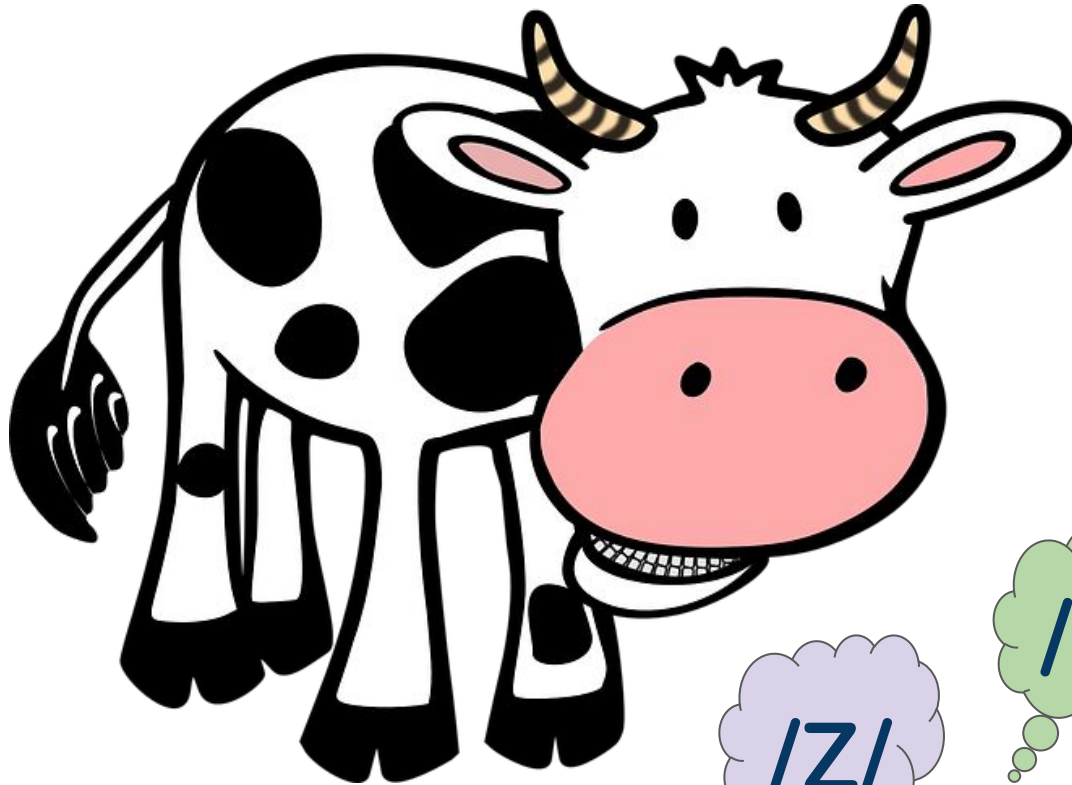
# chicken



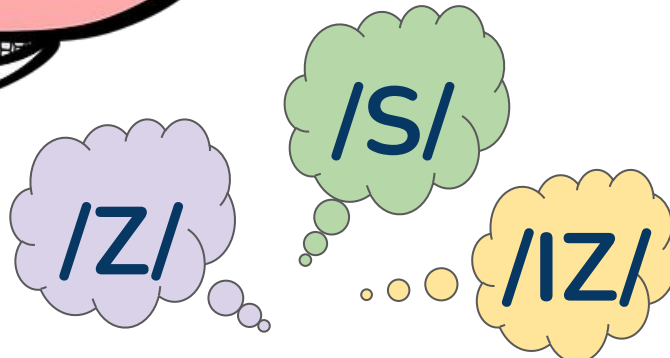
# Pets



# Zoo Video



COW

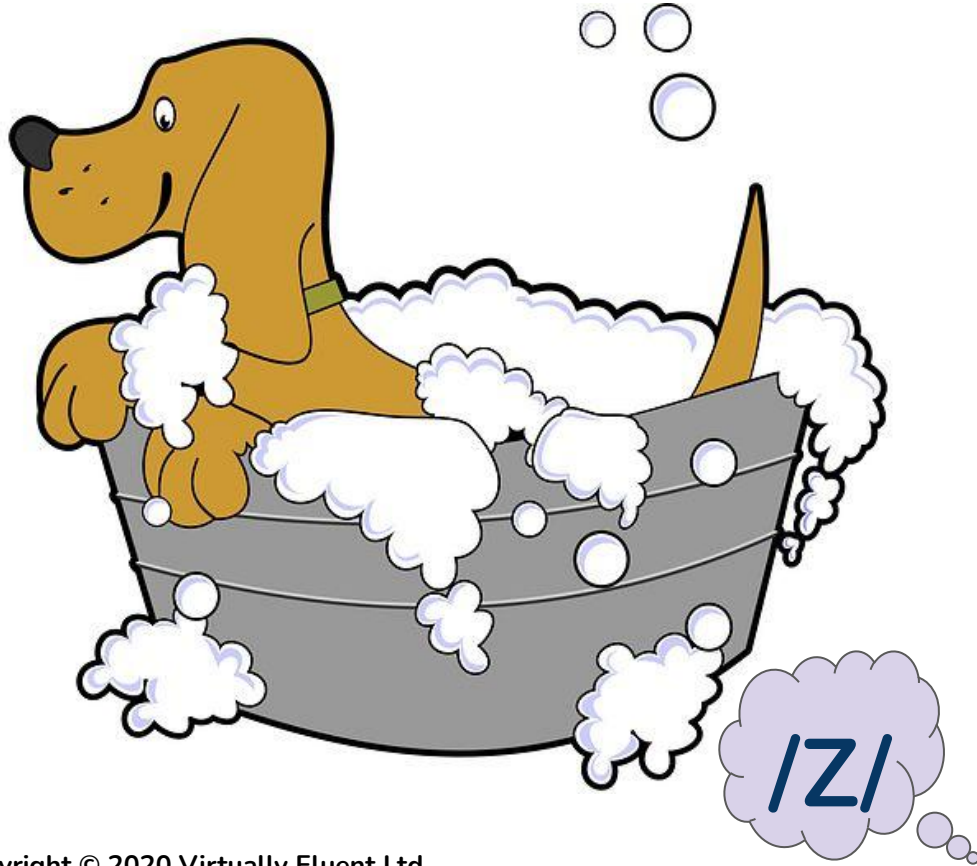




# Pets

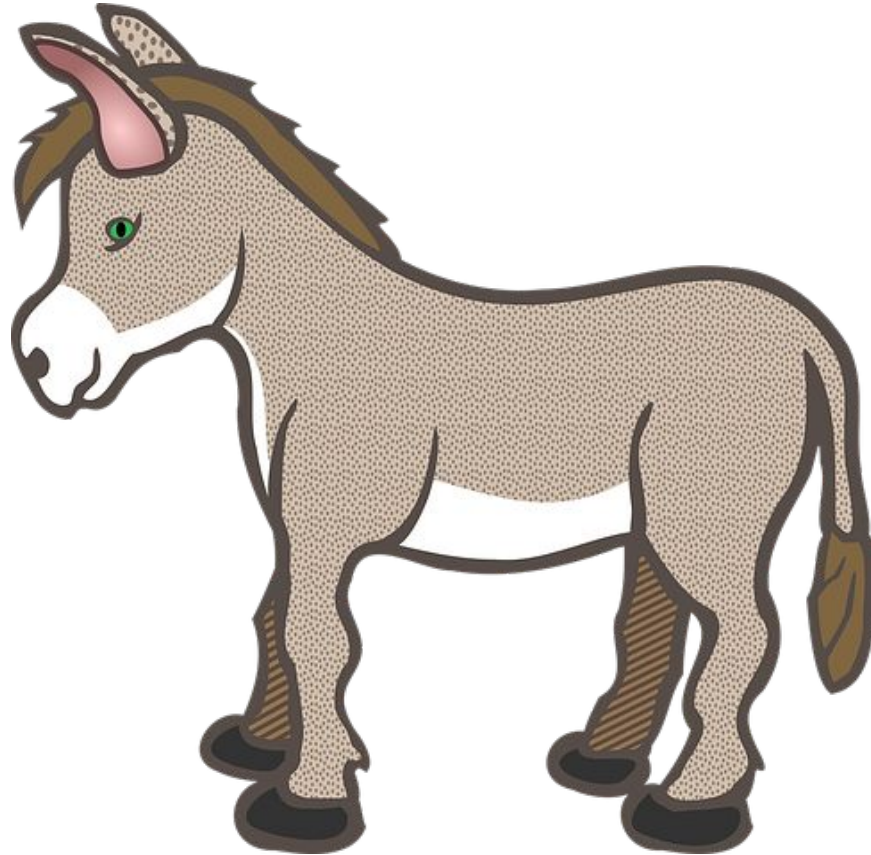


# Zoo Video

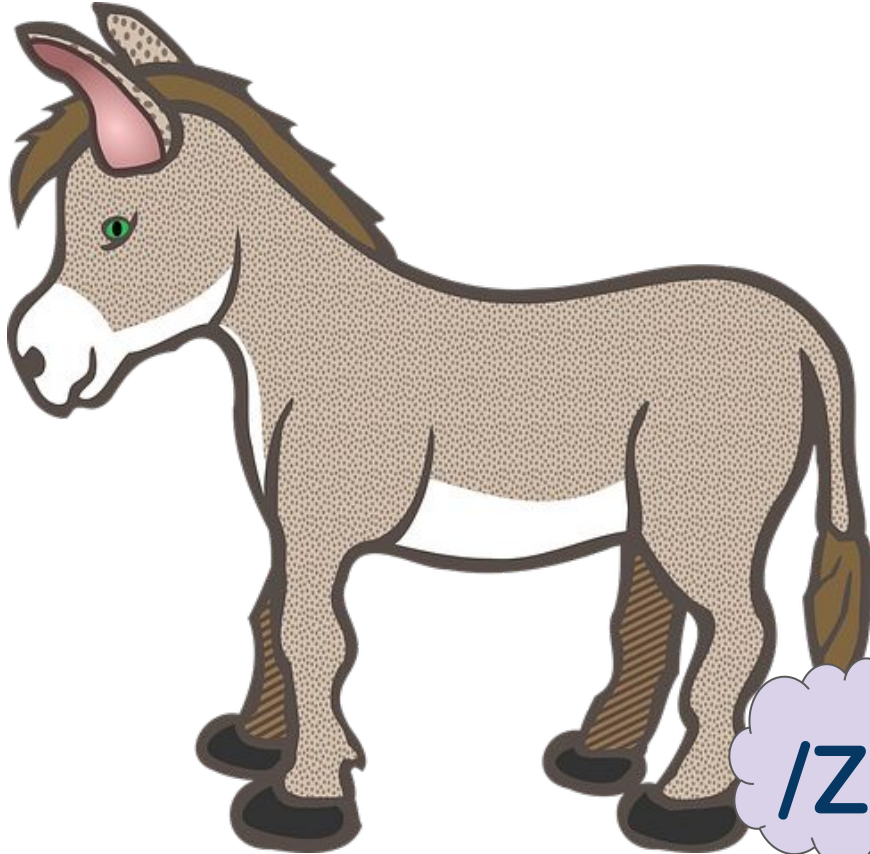


dog

# Pets



# Zoo Video



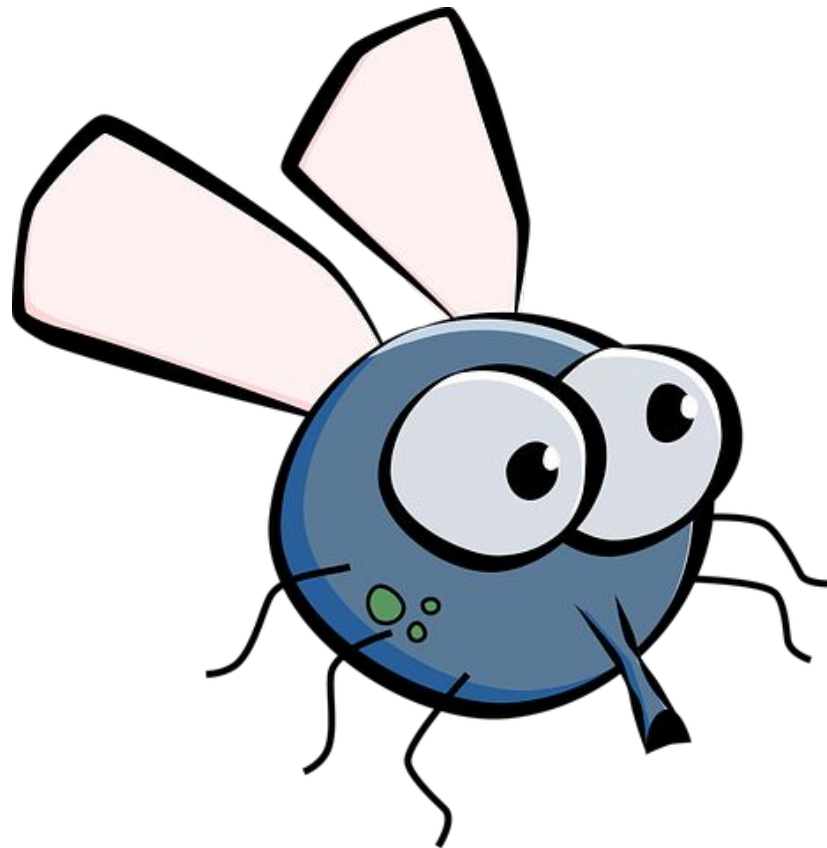
# donkey

/z/

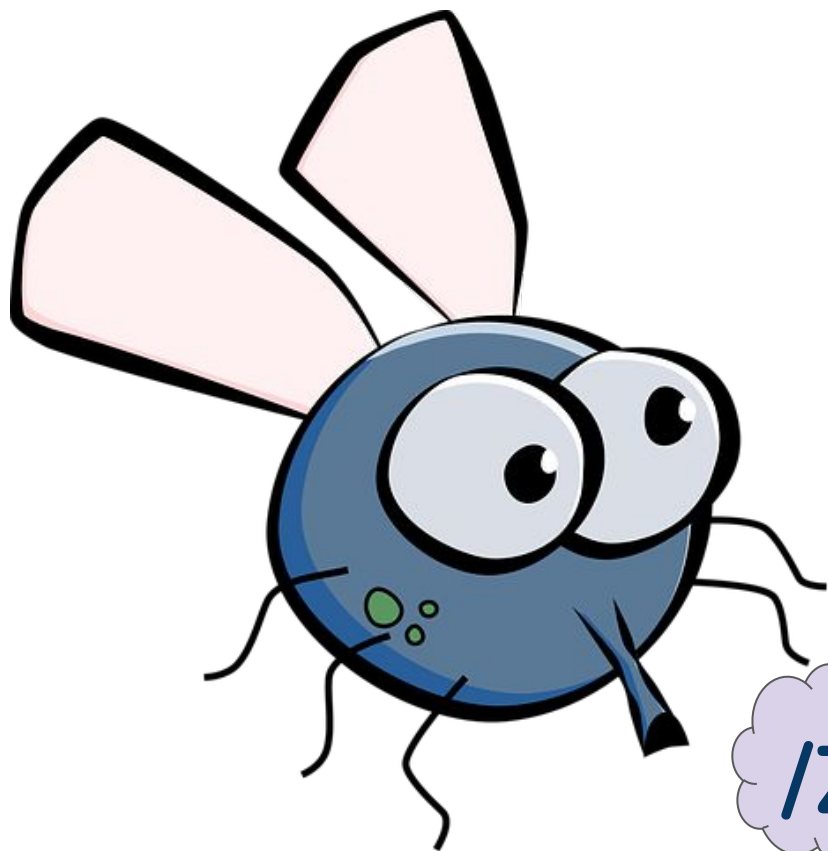
/s/

/iz/

# Pets



# Zoo Video



fly



# Pets



# Zoo Video

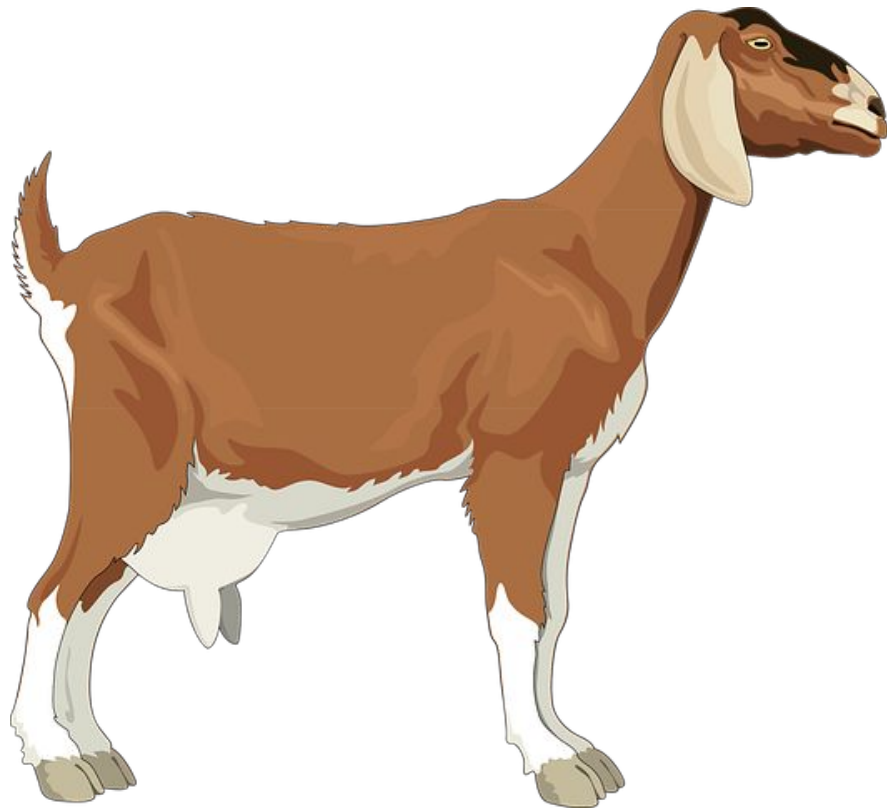


frog

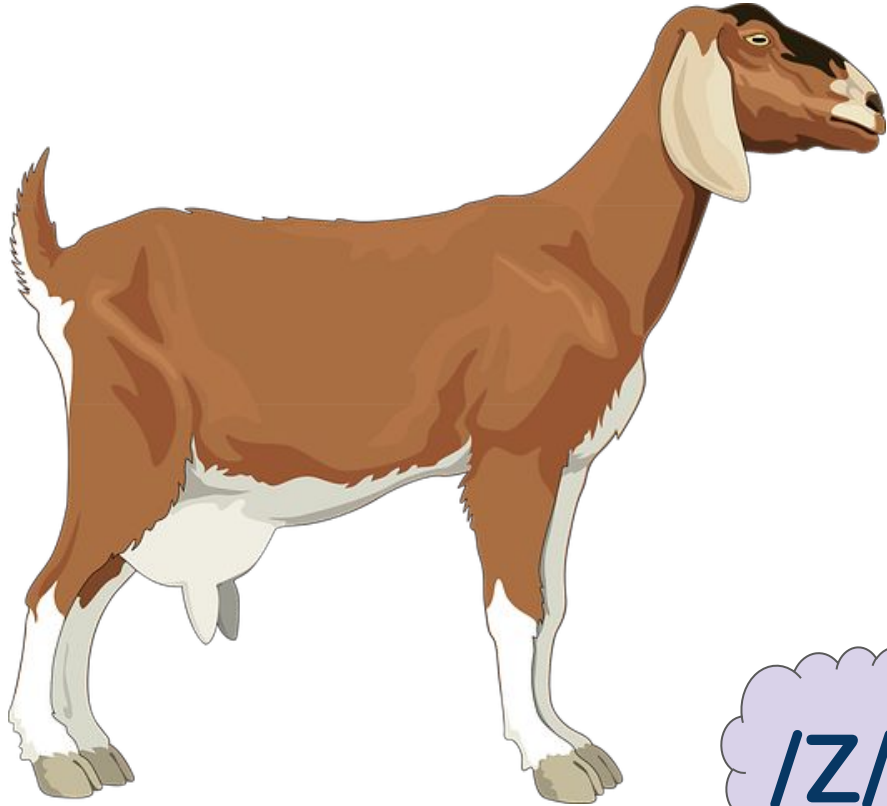




# Pets



# Zoo Video



goat



# Pets



# Zoo Video



mouse

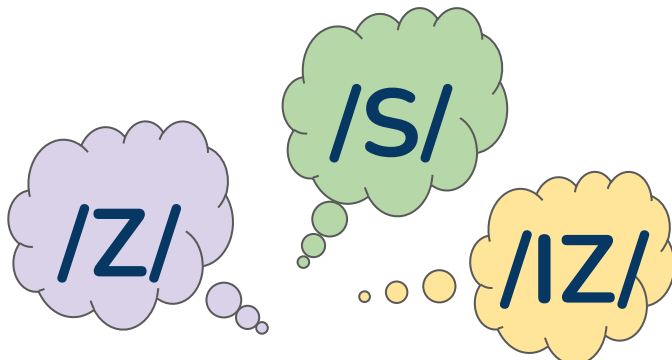
# Pets



# Zoo Video



rabbit



# Pets



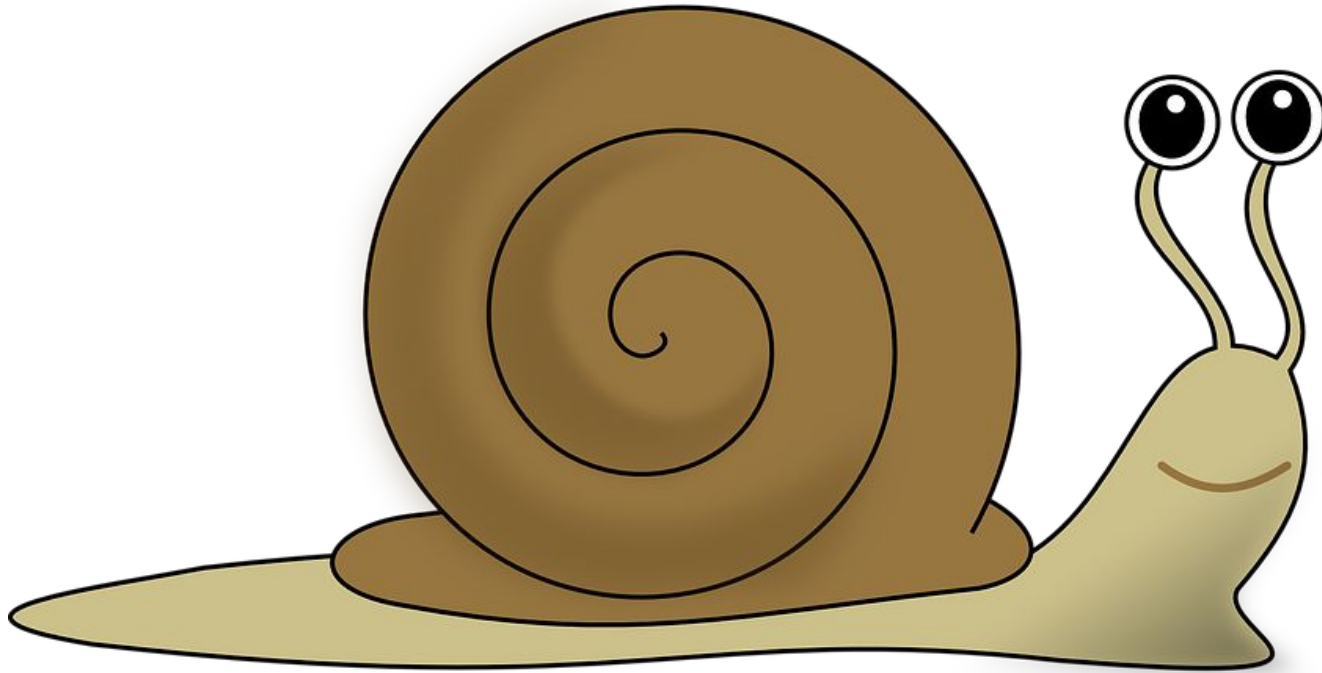
# Zoo Video



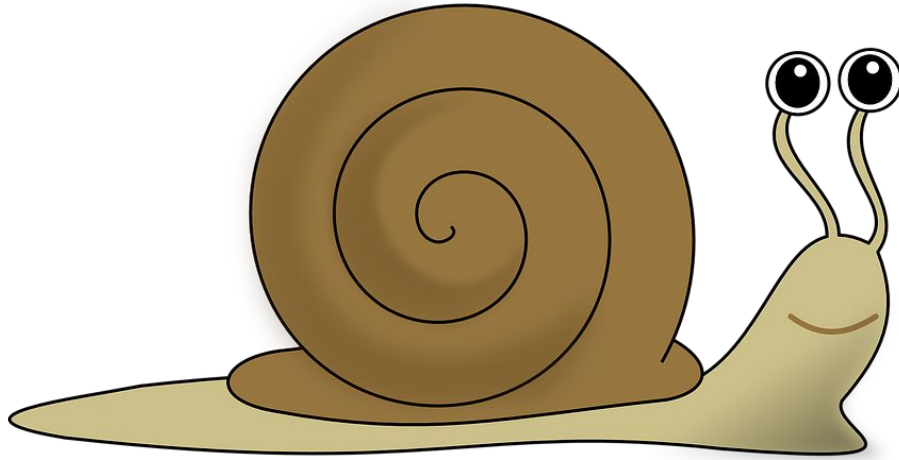
sheep



# Pets



# Zoo Video



snail



# Pets

1) Do you prefer zoo animals or farm animals?

I prefer zoo animals

I prefer farm animals

# Pets

2) What is your favourite animal?

My favourite animal is ...

## Pets

3) Do you have any pets? Tell me about them.

Yes, I have ...

No, I don't have any pets

## Pets

4) Do lots of people have pets in your country?

Yes lots of people have pets in my country

No, people don't have pets in my country

# Practice 1



Watch this video and guess the animal!

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JXq8iyTlpE4&feature=emb\\_title](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JXq8iyTlpE4&feature=emb_title)



# Practice 2



# Reading

Big cats live all around the world, but people don't see them very often. They have sharp claws and teeth. They can be dangerous to people but people are even more dangerous to them. Many people hunt big cats. We hunt spotted cats for their fur. We hunt tigers for their bones. We use the bones in Chinese medicine. Some people even hunt big cats just for fun. Here are some of the most famous big cats.

# Cheetahs



# Cheetahs

Cheetahs have long legs and thin bodies and they are the fastest land animals in the world.

They can run at about 100 kilometres per hour. But they can only run this quickly for a very short time, because their bodies get too hot.

Cheetahs used to live all over Africa, India and the Middle East. Now there are less than 8000 cheetahs in the world. Most of them live in Africa.

# Lions



# Lions

The lion is the loudest of all the big cats. You can hear a lion roar from about 8 kilometres away. Lions live in families called prides. A pride of lions can have between 3 and 40 lions in it, but there are usually around 15 lions in one pride. The female lions do most of the hunting. They usually hunt in the late evening or the early morning. They kill antelopes, gazelles, wildebeest, buffalos and zebras. You can find lions in Africa and Asia. You can find their cousin, the mountain lion, in America.



# Tiger



# Tigers

The biggest of the big cats is the tiger. They are known around the world for their power and strength. Tigers can weigh up to 220 kilograms. Most tigers come from India and they usually live alone. They are very good climbers and are good swimmers too. They can eat up to 30 kilograms of meat in one night. 100 years ago, there were over 100,000 tigers in the wild. Now there are only 2,500. Many of them live in conservation parks.



# Exercise A

Match the words to the correct definitions.

	To look for and kill something for food.
	Opposite of quiet. To have a lot of noise.
	A sharp nail on the foot of an animal.
	Opposite of fat. To have a very small quantity of fat/skin on the body.
	Bones in the mouth of an animal.
	An animal with four legs that is brown.
	Soft hair that covers the body of an animal.
	To go up something using power in the body.

Claws  
Teeth  
Hunt  
Fur  
Thin  
Loud  
Antelope  
Climb

# Exercise A: Answers

Match the words to the correct definitions.

<b>hunt</b>	To look for and kill something for food.
<b>loud</b>	Opposite of quiet. To have a lot of noise.
<b>claws</b>	A sharp nail on the foot of an animal.
<b>thin</b>	Opposite of fat. To have a very small quantity of fat/skin on the body.
<b>teeth</b>	Bones in the mouth of an animal.
<b>antelope</b>	An animal with four legs that is brown.
<b>fur</b>	Soft hair that covers the body of an animal.
<b>climb</b>	To go up something using power in the body.

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

- 1) This animal is the fastest land animal in the world
- 2) You can hear this animal about 8km away
- 3) This animal can climb and swim very well
- 4) This animal is very thin with long legs
- 5) This animal is the biggest cat

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

- 1) This animal is the fastest land animal in the world

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

1) This animal is the fastest land animal in the world

Cheetah

Line 9: they are the fastest land animals in the world.

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

2) You can hear this animal about 8km away

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

2) You can hear this animal about 8km away

Lion

Lines 16-18: You can hear this animal about 8km away

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

3) This animal can climb and swim very well



## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

3) This animal can climb and swim very well

**Tiger**

Lines 37-40: They are very good climbers and are good swimmers too.

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

4) This animal is very thin with long legs

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

4) This animal is very thin with long legs

Cheetah

Line 8: Cheetahs have long legs and thin bodies

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

5) This animal is the biggest cat

## Exercise B

Read the definitions then decide which animal this describes in the text.

5) This animal is the biggest cat

**Tiger**

Line 29-30: The biggest of the big cats is the tiger.

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

- a) How fast can a cheetah run?
- b) What is a group of lions called?
- c) What time of day do lions usually hunt?
- d) How much do tigers weigh?
- e) Where do most tigers live now?

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

a) How fast can a cheetah run?

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

a) How fast can a cheetah run?

100km/hour

Line 10: They can run at about 100 kilometres per hour.



## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

b) What is a group of lions called?

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

b) What is a group of lions called?

**A pride**

Line 19: Lions live in families called prides.

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

c) What time of day do lions usually hunt?

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

c) What time of day do lions usually hunt?

**Late evening or early morning**

Lines 23-24: They usually hunt in the late evening or the early morning.

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

d) How much do tigers weigh?

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

d) How much do tigers weigh?

Up to 220kg

Lines 33-35: Tigers can weigh up to 220 kilograms.

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

e) Where do most tigers live now?

## Exercise C

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

e) Where do most tigers live now?

**In conservation parks**

Lines 42-43: **Many of them live in conservation parks.**



## Exercise D

Are the following sentences true or false?

- 1) Cheetahs can run 100km/hour all the time.
- 2) There are millions of cheetahs around the world.
- 3) There are usually 15 lions in a pride.
- 4) Male lions do the hunting.
- 5) Lions hunt giraffes, elephants and zebras.
- 6) You cannot find lions in Africa.
- 7) Tigers live together in a family.
- 8) Tigers eat more than 30kg of meat in one night.
- 9) The number of tigers is bigger now than 100 years ago.

## Exercise D

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

1) Cheetahs can run 100km/hour all the time.

**False**

Lines 10-12: They can run at about 100 kilometres per hour. But they can only run this quickly for a very short time, because their bodies get too hot.

## Exercise D

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

2) There are millions of cheetahs around the world.

**False**

Lines 14-15: Now there are less than 8,000 cheetahs in the world.

## Exercise D

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

3) There are usually 15 lions in a pride.

True

Lines 21-22: There are usually around 15 lions in one pride.

## Exercise D

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

4) Male lions do the hunting.

**False**

Line 22: The female lions do most of the hunting.

## Exercise D

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

5) Lions hunt giraffes, elephants and zebras.

**False**

Lines 24-25: They kill antelopes, gazelles, wildebeest, buffalos and zebras.

## Exercise D

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

6) You cannot find lions in Africa.

**False**

Lines 25-26: You can find lions in Africa and Asia.

## Exercise D

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

7) Tigers live together in a family.

**False**

Lines 35-37: Most tigers come from India and they usually live alone.



## Exercise D

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

8) Tigers eat more than 30kg of meat in one night.

**False**

Lines 40-41: They can eat up to 30 kilograms of meat in one night.

## Exercise D

Answer the following questions with the correct information.

9) The number of tigers is bigger now than 100 years ago.

**False**

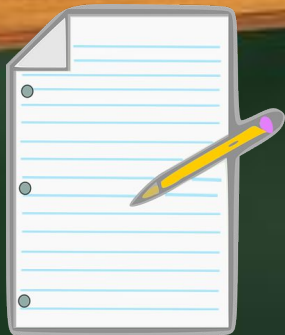
Lines 41-42: 100 years ago, there were over 100,000 tigers in the wild. Now there are only 2,500

# REVIEW

# ANIMALS



# Animals Course



# HOMEWORK

## REPLY TO THE ANIMALS FORUM

Link:

<https://virtually-fluent.com/groups/animals/forum/topic/animals/>