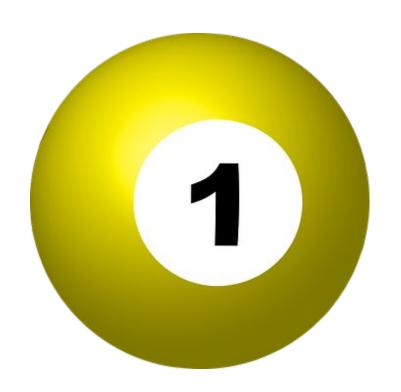




Let's learn the ordinal numbers from 1 to 10!





Cardinal → One

Ordinal → First





Cardinal → Two

Ordinal → Second





Cardinal → Three

Ordinal → **Third**





Cardinal → Four

Ordinal → Fourth





Cardinal → Five

Ordinal → Fifth





Cardinal → Six

Ordinal → Sixth

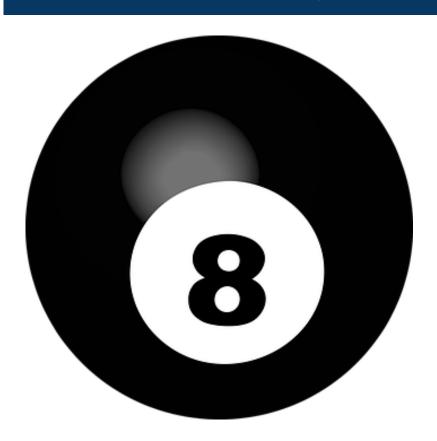




Cardinal → Seven

Ordinal → Seventh

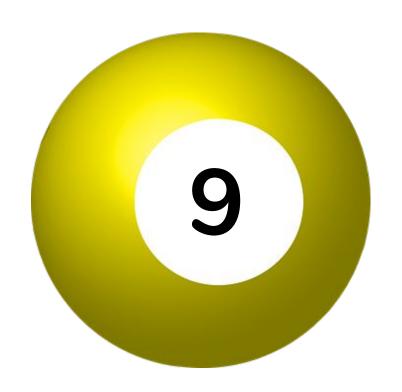




Cardinal → Eight

Ordinal -> Eighth





Cardinal → Nine

Ordinal → Ninth





Cardinal → Ten

Ordinal → **Tenth**



These are the the most important ordinal numbers. For any number bigger than 10, there are two important rules.



RULE 1

Normally, we add **TH** to the end of the number.





RULE 1

Cardinal → Eleven

Ordinal → Eleventh





RULE 1

Cardinal → Fifteen

Ordinal → Fifteenth



RULE 2

If the number ends in 0 (20, 30, 40, 50 etc...), we eliminate the Y and add **IETH** to the end of the number.





RULE 2

Cardinal → Twenty

Ordinal → Twentieth





RULE 2

Cardinal → Thirty

Ordinal -> Thirtieth





RULE 2

Cardinal → Ninety

Ordinal -- Ninetieth



There is one important exception- 12.

The spelling changes in the ordinal number form.





<u>12</u>

Cardinal → Twelve

Ordinal → Twelfth



Let's quickly review!



1	First	6	Sixth
2	Second	7	Seventh
3	Third	8	Eighth
4	Fourth	9	Ninth
5	Fifth	19	Tenth



11	Eleventh	16	Sixteenth
12	Twelfth	17	Seventeenth
13	Thirteenth	18	Eighteenth
14	Fourteenth	19	Nineteenth
15	Fifteenth	20	Twentieth



What happens when the number is bigger than 20?



We use the ordinal numbers we already know! It's only the last number that is said as an ordinal number.





The last number is $3 \rightarrow$ third Twenty-third





The last number is $2 \rightarrow$ second

Thirty-second

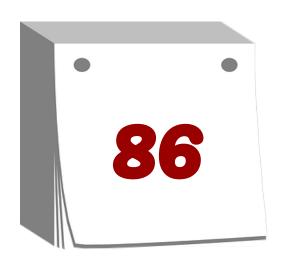




The last number is $4 \rightarrow$ fourth

Sixty-fourth





The last number is 6→ sixth

Eighty-sixth

