

Past Perfect Tense Interactive Worksheet

•	ete this worksheet, you should watch the series of grammar videos about the e in English. You should complete this worksheet at the same time as watching
Vi	deo: Past Perfect Use

EXERCISE A: In the lines below, write the two key situations in which the past perfect tense is needed with example sentences that demonstrate these uses.

TUATION 1:
cample:
TUATION 2:
gample:



EXERCISE A: Write down four	situations v	when the	past participle i	s used.
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1)				
3)				
EXERCIS	SE B: What is the general r	ule for forming the	past participle f	or regular
	Fill in the gaps to complete the	_		J
	3.,			
_	neral rule for forming the past to the end of the infinitiv			
	in the past participle ar	nd the verb to look b	ecomes	in the
past part	ticiple.			

EXERCISE C: Fill in the table below to summarise the patterns and exceptions to the CVC rule. In column 1, you can see the pattern. In column 2, you should write an explanation describing what happens with this pattern and in column 3, you should write an example verb to demonstrate this pattern.

Pattern	Explanation	Example Verb
CVC General Rule		
Ending in W		
Ending in X		
Stress is on First Syllable		

complete the sentences below.
If a verb ends in the letter E, we must add to form the past participle. For example, the verb to dance becomes in the past participle.
EXERCISE E: What is the C rule for forming the past participle? Fill in the gaps to complete the sentences below.
If a verb ends in the letter C, we must add and For example, the verb to picnic becomes in the past participle.
EXERCISE F: What is the Y rule for forming the past participle? Fill in the gaps to complete the sentences below.
If a verb ends in the letters consonant plus Y, we form the past participle by
For example, the verb to study becomes in the past participle.
If a verb ends in the letters vowel plus Y, we form the past participle by
For example, the verb to play becomes in the past participle.

EXERCISE D: What is the E rule for forming the past participle? Fill in the gaps to



Video: Past Perfect Irregular Past Participle

EXERCISE A: Fill in the gaps below. Write these irregular verbs in their correct past participle forms.

1.	Know →
2.	See →
3.	Drink →



EXERCISE A: There are 3 parts required to form the past perfect tense in the affirmative. Write these parts in the correct boxes below.

PART 1	PART 2	PART 3

EXERCISE B: Fill in the table below showing the verb "to go" in the affirmative of the past perfect tense. In column 1, you can see the subject. In column 2, you should write the full form of the past perfect. In column 3, you should write the contracted form of the past perfect.

TO GO	Full Form	Contracted Form
I		
You		
He/She/It		
We		
They		

EXERCISE C: Fill in the gaps to complete the sentence.

The acronym we use to help us remember the past perfect tense is _____.



EXERCISE A: There are 3 parts required to form the past perfect tense in the negative. Write these parts in the correct boxes below.

PART 1	PART 2	PART 3

EXERCISE B: Fill in the table below showing the verb "to talk" in the negative of the past perfect tense. In column 1, you can see the subject. In column 2, you should write the full form of the past perfect. In column 3, you should write the contracted form of the past perfect.

TO TALK	Full Form	Contracted Form
I		
You		
He/She/It		
We		
They		



EXERCISE A: There are 2 question forms in the past perfect tense. You can see the acronyms below. What does each part of the acronym stand for? Write this in the spaces provided.

QuHaSuP	Qu: Ha: Su: P:
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
Ha: Su: P:	HaSuP
EXERCISE B: Write a question in the sp	ace below in the past perfect tense.
?	?

EXERCISE A: If I ask the question "had you seen the film before?" there are two possible ways to respond. Fill in the gaps below to show the possible responses.

Yes	Subject	Verb To Have
	1	
	you	
	he/she/lt	
	We	
	they	

No	Subject	Verb To Have
	1	
	you	
	he/she/lt	
	We	
	they	

## EXERCISE B: Is the following statement true or false? Select the correct option.

You can contract both the affirmative and negative forms in the short responses of the past perfect tense.

TRUE FALSE



EXERCISE A: Below are the five keywords shown in the keywords grammar video. Explain the position of each keyword and write an example sentence using this keyword.

1.	Before
	POSITION:
	Example:
2.	After
	POSITION:
	Example:
3.	For
	POSITION:
	Example:
4.	When
	POSITION:
	Example:
5.	By the time
	POSITION:
	Example:



EXERCISE A: Below is a set of incorrect sentences. Identify the mistake and write this in the space provided, then rewrite this sentence correctly in the second space provided.

1) We didn't seen the film.
MISTAKE:
CORRECTION:
2) He had gone to London recently.
MISTAKE:
CORRECTION:
3) She had her makeup done before we went out.
MISTAKE:
CORRECTION: